

# Central Asian Cultural Studies Quiz

Cultural Studies · Answer Key · 15 Questions

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**1. Which nomadic Turkic group significantly shaped the cultural landscape of Central Asia, known for their empires and influence on language and religion?**

- A) Huns
- B) Sogdians
- C) Gokturks**
- D) Xiongnu

**2. The silk road was a pivotal ancient network for trade and cultural exchange. Which Central Asian city was a major hub on this route, renowned for its scholars and vibrant arts scene?**

- A) Bukhara
- B) Samarkand**
- C) Khiva
- D) Merv

**3. What is the primary religion that has historically held a dominant influence across much of Central Asia, shaping its art, architecture, and social customs?**

- A) Zoroastrianism
- B) Buddhism
- C) Islam**
- D) Manichaeism

**4. The 'Epic of Gilgamesh', a foundational work of world literature, has linguistic and thematic connections to early Mesopotamian cultures that interacted with Central Asian peoples. What is the primary language family of the early inhabitants of regions that influenced Central Asia?**

- A) Indo-Aryan
- B) Uralic
- C) Semitic**
- D) Proto-Turkic

**5. Which iconic architectural style, characterized by its large, domed mausoleums and intricate tilework, is a prominent feature of Central Asian urban centers like Samarkand and Bukhara?**

- A) Gothic
- B) Romanesque
- C) Islamic**
- D) Baroque

**6. The concept of 'Manas', an epic poem, is central to the cultural identity of which Central Asian nation?**

- A) Kazakhstan
- B) Uzbekistan
- C) Kyrgyzstan**
- D) Turkmenistan

**7. Which Central Asian nation's culture is strongly associated with the traditional sport of Kokpar, a rugged equestrian game often referred to as 'polo with a goat'?**

- A) Tajikistan**
- B) Kyrgyzstan
- C) Uzbekistan
- D) Kazakhstan

**8. The nomadic lifestyle deeply influenced the material culture of Central Asia. What is a traditional, portable dwelling characteristic of many nomadic groups in the region?**

- A) Yurt**
- B) Pagoda
- C) Igloo
- D) Hutong

**9. The Timurid Renaissance, a flourishing of arts and sciences, is most closely associated with the rule of which Central Asian conqueror and patron?**

- A) Genghis Khan
- B) Tamerlane**
- C) Babur
- D) Attila

**10. What is the name of the distinctive, often conical or cylindrical hat worn by men in many parts of Central Asia, symbolizing cultural identity and tradition?**

- A) Kufi
- B) Turban
- C) Doppa/Tyubeteyka**
- D) Fej

**11. The study of Sufism, a mystical branch of Islam, is crucial for understanding the spiritual and cultural currents in Central Asia. Which historical city was a major center for Sufi learning and pilgrimage?**

- A) Ashgabat
- B) Tashkent
- C) Bukhara**
- D) Almaty

**12. What is the primary script historically used for writing many Turkic languages of Central Asia before the Soviet era's imposition of Latin and Cyrillic alphabets?**

- A) Cyrillic
- B) Arabic**
- C) Latin
- D) Greek

**13. The influence of Russian and Soviet cultural policies is a significant aspect of modern Central Asian cultural studies. Which policy aimed to standardize languages and promote a 'Soviet' cultural identity?**

- A) Glasnost
- B) Perestroika
- C) Korenizatsiya
- D) Russification**

**14. The cultural heritage of Central Asia includes a rich tradition of music. Which instrument, a type of lute, is commonly found and played across the region, notably in Uzbek and Tajik music?**

- A) Duduk
- B) Sitar
- C) Dombra**
- D) Oud

**15. The archaeological site of Otrar, located in modern-day Kazakhstan, was a significant Silk Road city and a center of learning. It is particularly known for its role in the development of which field?**

- A) Astronomy
- B) Metallurgy
- C) Paper manufacturing**
- D) Cartography