

Nature's Communication and Public Speaking

Public Speaking · Practice Test · 10 Questions

1. Which animal is famous for using long-distance vocalizations, similar to a public speaker using a microphone, to communicate across the ocean?

- A) Blue whale
- B) Sea turtle
- C) Great white shark
- D) Octopus

2. When a wolf howls to signal its location to the pack, which element of public speaking is it primarily utilizing?

- A) Volume
- B) Visual aids
- C) Written text
- D) Humor

3. Which bird is known for mimicking a wide variety of sounds, effectively 'speaking' or repeating auditory information it has heard in its environment?

- A) Lyrebird
- B) Penguin
- C) Ostrich
- D) Flamingo

4. How do honeybees communicate the location of nectar to their hive, serving as a non-verbal form of 'presenting' information?

- A) The waggle dance
- B) Loud buzzing
- C) Changing color
- D) Releasing heat

5. Which creature uses bioluminescence to 'signal' or communicate with others in the dark, acting like a visual aid in a presentation?

- A) Firefly
- B) Polar bear
- C) Kangaroo
- D) Koala

6. What is the primary function of a lion's roar, which acts as a powerful vocal declaration to establish territory?

- A) Establishing dominance
- B) Singing a song
- C) Asking for food
- D) Playing a game

7. Which primate species uses complex vocal calls and gestures to 'address' members of their troop regarding potential predators?

- A) Vervet monkey
- B) Gorilla
- C) Chimpanzee
- D) Baboon

8. In the context of 'audience engagement', which marine animal is known to 'clap' its flippers to produce loud percussive sounds?

- A) California sea lion
- B) Dugong
- C) Manatee
- D) Stingray

9. Cicadas produce loud, sustained buzzing sounds using specialized organs; what is the main purpose of this 'public' performance?

- A) Attracting mates
- B) Scaring away rain
- C) Digesting food
- D) Sleeping

10. Which animal uses 'drumming' on its chest, a physical act that serves as a non-verbal 'opening statement' of strength?

- A) Gorilla
- B) Elephant
- C) Giraffe
- D) Zebra