

World History Mastery for Teens

World History · Practice Test · 20 Questions

1. Which dynasty was the first to unify China and standardize the script, weights, and measures?

- A) Han Dynasty
- B) Qin Dynasty
- C) Zhou Dynasty
- D) Ming Dynasty

2. The Edict of Milan, which established religious toleration for Christianity within the Roman Empire, was issued by which two emperors?

- A) Constantine and Licinius
- B) Augustus and Tiberius
- C) Diocletian and Galerius
- D) Trajan and Hadrian

3. In 1206, Temüjin was proclaimed the universal ruler of the Mongols, taking what title?

- A) Kublai Khan
- B) Batu Khan
- C) Genghis Khan
- D) Hulagu Khan

4. What was the primary purpose of the 'Domesday Book' commissioned by William the Conqueror in 1086?

- A) To record religious texts
- B) To track tax obligations and land ownership
- C) To catalogue the royal library
- D) To document military victories

5. The 'Great Schism' of 1054 resulted in the permanent split between which two ecclesiastical bodies?

- A) Catholic and Protestant
- B) Orthodox and Lutheran
- C) Roman Catholic and Eastern Orthodox
- D) Anglican and Calvinist

6. Which West African empire, reaching its peak under Mansa Musa, was renowned for its wealth in gold and the scholarly city of Timbuktu?

- A) Songhai Empire
- B) Ghana Empire
- C) Mali Empire
- D) Kanem-Bornu Empire

7. The Treaty of Tordesillas in 1494 divided newly discovered lands outside Europe between which two nations?

- A) Spain and Portugal
- B) England and France
- C) Spain and England
- D) Portugal and the Netherlands

8. Who was the primary architect of the 'Realpolitik' strategy that led to the unification of Germany in 1871?

- A) Wilhelm I
- B) Klemens von Metternich
- C) Otto von Bismarck
- D) Frederick the Great

9. The Meiji Restoration in Japan involved the end of which military government?

- A) Ashikaga Shogunate
- B) Kamakura Shogunate
- C) Tokugawa Shogunate
- D) Fujiwara Regency

10. What was the 'Code of Hammurabi', one of the earliest legal codes, primarily inscribed upon?

- A) A series of palm leaves
- B) A large diorite stele
- C) A set of clay tablets in a library
- D) The walls of the Ishtar Gate

11. The Triple Entente, a major alliance leading into WWI, consisted of which countries?

- A) Germany, Austria-Hungary, Italy
- B) Britain, France, Russia
- C) USA, Britain, France
- D) Germany, Russia, Italy

12. Which civilization is credited with the development of the 'cuneiform' writing system?

- A) Sumerians
- B) Egyptians
- C) Indus Valley
- D) Minoans

13. The 1848 revolutions across Europe were largely inspired by what political movement?

- A) Absolute Monarchy
- B) Liberalism and Nationalism
- C) Feudalism
- D) Mercantilism

14. Which explorer led the first expedition to successfully circumnavigate the globe, though he died before its completion?

- A) Vasco da Gama
- B) Christopher Columbus
- C) Ferdinand Magellan
- D) Hernán Cortés

15. The 'Hundred Years' War' was primarily a conflict between which two royal houses?

- A) Habsburg and Valois
- B) Plantagenet and Valois
- C) Lancaster and York
- D) Bourbon and Tudor

16. In 1917, the Zimmermann Telegram was a failed attempt by Germany to form an alliance with which country against the United States?

- A) Mexico
- B) Canada
- C) Brazil
- D) Argentina

17. Which architectural marvel, commissioned by Shah Jahan, serves as a prime example of Mughal architecture in India?

- A) Red Fort
- B) Jama Masjid
- C) Taj Mahal
- D) Humayun's Tomb

18. What was the significance of the 1648 Peace of Westphalia?

- A) It ended the Napoleonic Wars
- B) It established the concept of state sovereignty
- C) It abolished the Holy Roman Empire
- D) It triggered the French Revolution

19. The 'Ziggurats' of ancient Mesopotamia were primarily used as:

- A) Granaries for grain storage
- B) Defense fortresses
- C) Religious temples
- D) Royal palaces

20. The 'Salt March' of 1930, led by Mahatma Gandhi, was a protest against:

- A) British taxation on salt
- B) The partition of India
- C) The textile industry taxes
- D) Railway expansion