

Foundations of Anthropology

Anthropology · Practice Test · 8 Questions

1. Which subfield of anthropology primarily focuses on the study of human evolution and the fossil record?

- A) Cultural anthropology
- B) Linguistic anthropology
- C) Biological anthropology
- D) Archaeology

2. What is the term for the process by which a person learns the rules, beliefs, and behaviors of their own culture?

- A) Enculturation
- B) Assimilation
- C) Ethnocentrism
- D) Evolution

3. The study of human languages and how they influence social life and cultural identity is known as:

- A) Biological anthropology
- B) Archaeology
- C) Sociology
- D) Linguistic anthropology

4. Which term describes the practice of judging another culture solely by the values and standards of one's own culture?

- A) Cultural relativism
- B) Ethnocentrism
- C) Ethnography
- D) Archaeology

5. Archaeologists primarily learn about past human societies by analyzing which of the following?

- A) Living languages
- B) DNA sequences
- C) Material remains and artifacts
- D) Current political structures

6. What is an ethnography?

- A) A study of ancient dinosaur fossils
- B) A detailed written account of a specific culture or society
- C) The biological classification of human races
- D) A record of astronomical observations by early civilizations

7. Which research method involves an anthropologist living within a community for an extended period to observe daily life?

- A) Participant observation
- B) Laboratory experimentation
- C) Survey polling
- D) Remote sensing

8. Cultural relativism is defined as the belief that:

- A) All cultures are biologically identical
- B) An individual's beliefs should be understood based on their own culture
- C) Western culture is superior to all others
- D) Language is the only way to measure cultural progress