

Grade 10 Mathematics Revision: Trigonometry and Radian Measure

Mathematics · Practice Test · 20 Questions

1. What is the period of $\sin(bx)$?

- A) 2π
- B) $2\pi/b$
- C) π
- D) π/b

2. What is the amplitude of the function $g(x) = -3\cos(x) + 5$?

- A) 3
- B) 5
- C) -3
- D) 8

3. Simplify the expression: $\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta + \tan^2\theta$.

- A) $\sec^2\theta$
- B) $\csc^2\theta$
- C) $\tan^2\theta$
- D) 1

4. If $\sec\theta = 2$ and $270^\circ < \theta < 360^\circ$, find θ .

- A) 300°
- B) 330°
- C) 270°
- D) 360°

5. Solve for x in the interval $[0, 2\pi]$: $2\sin(x) - 1 = 0$.

- A) $\pi/6, 5\pi/6$
- B) $\pi/3, 2\pi/3$
- C) $\pi/4, 3\pi/4$
- D) $\pi/6, 7\pi/6$

6. Which of the following is an even function?

- A) $\sin(x)$
- B) $\cos(x)$
- C) $\tan(x)$
- D) $\csc(x)$

7. What is the domain of the function $f(x) = \tan(x)$?

- A) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$
- B) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq \pi/2 + n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$
- C) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq 2n\pi, n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$
- D) $\{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

8. Find the exact value of $\sin(210^\circ)$.

- A) $-1/2$
- B) $1/2$
- C) $-\sqrt{3}/2$
- D) $\sqrt{3}/2$

9. Convert 150° to radians.

- A) $5\pi/6$
- B) $6\pi/5$
- C) $3\pi/4$
- D) $4\pi/3$

10. Convert $2\pi/3$ radians to degrees.

- A) 120°
- B) 60°
- C) 150°
- D) 240°

11. A circle has a radius of 10 cm. Find the length of the arc intercepted by a central angle of 2.5 radians.

- A) 25 cm
- B) 12.5 cm
- C) 20 cm
- D) 5 cm

12. Find the area of a sector with a radius of 6 cm and a central angle of $\pi/4$ radians.

- A) $9\pi/2 \text{ cm}^2$
- B) $3\pi \text{ cm}^2$
- C) $18\pi \text{ cm}^2$
- D) $27\pi/2 \text{ cm}^2$

13. If an arc of length 15 cm subtends a central angle of 120° , what is the radius of the circle?

- A) 6.75 cm
- B) 22.5 cm
- C) 7.5 cm
- D) 12 cm

14. Determine the linear speed (in cm/s) of a point on the edge of a wheel with radius 20 cm rotating at 3 radians per second.

- A) 60 cm/s
- B) 23 cm/s
- C) 40 cm/s
- D) 60π cm/s

15. Find the complement and supplement of $\frac{\pi}{4}$ radians.

- A) Complement: $\frac{\pi}{4}$, Supplement: $3\frac{\pi}{4}$
- B) Complement: $\frac{\pi}{2}$, Supplement: $3\frac{\pi}{4}$
- C) Complement: $\frac{\pi}{4}$, Supplement: $7\frac{\pi}{4}$
- D) Complement: $\frac{\pi}{2}$, Supplement: $7\frac{\pi}{4}$

16. If θ is in standard position and the point $P(-3, 4)$ lies on its terminal side, find $\sin \theta$.

- A) $\frac{4}{5}$
- B) $-\frac{3}{5}$
- C) $\frac{5}{4}$
- D) $-\frac{5}{3}$

17. If θ is in standard position and the point $P(-3, 4)$ lies on its terminal side, find $\cos \theta$.

- A) $-\frac{3}{5}$
- B) $\frac{4}{5}$
- C) $-\frac{5}{3}$
- D) $\frac{5}{4}$

18. If θ is in standard position and the point $P(-3, 4)$ lies on its terminal side, find $\tan \theta$.

- A) $-\frac{4}{3}$
- B) $\frac{3}{4}$
- C) $-\frac{5}{3}$
- D) $\frac{5}{4}$

19. Determine the exact value of $\sin(3\pi/4)$.

- A) $\sqrt{2}/2$
- B) $-\sqrt{2}/2$
- C) $1/2$
- D) $-1/2$

20. If $\cos \theta = -3/5$ and θ is in Quadrant III, find the value of $\csc \theta$.

- A) $-5/4$
- B) $5/4$
- C) $-5/3$
- D) $3/5$