

Political Science History and Verified Events

Political Science · Practice Test · 18 Questions

1. Which 1648 treaty series is widely recognized by historians as establishing the precedent for the principle of Westphalian sovereignty?

- A) Treaty of Versailles
- B) Peace of Westphalia
- C) Congress of Vienna
- D) Treaty of Utrecht

2. In what year did the parliament of the United Kingdom pass the Parliament Act, which effectively removed the House of Lords' power to veto money bills?

- A) 1905
- B) 1911
- C) 1920
- D) 1932

3. The 'Great Compromise' of the 1787 United States Constitutional Convention resolved the conflict between the Virginia Plan and the New Jersey Plan regarding what?

- A) Executive branch term limits
- B) The establishment of a federal judiciary
- C) Legislative representation
- D) The abolition of the slave trade

4. Which political document, signed in 1215, established the principle that the monarch is not above the law?

- A) The Bill of Rights
- B) The Petition of Right
- C) Magna Carta
- D) The Instrument of Government

5. Who was the primary author of 'The Federalist Papers' under the pseudonym 'Publius' who served as the first U.S. Secretary of the Treasury?

- A) James Madison
- B) Alexander Hamilton
- C) John Jay
- D) Thomas Jefferson

6. The 'Zimmermann Telegram,' which influenced the United States to enter World War I, was a diplomatic communication proposing an alliance between Germany and which other nation?

- A) Mexico
- B) Japan
- C) Brazil
- D) Italy

7. What was the official name of the German parliament during the era of the Weimar Republic?

- A) Bundestag
- B) Bundesrat
- C) Reichstag
- D) Volkskammer

8. Which 19th-century political theorist authored 'The Communist Manifesto' alongside Karl Marx?

- A) Vladimir Lenin
- B) Friedrich Engels
- C) Mikhail Bakunin
- D) Leon Trotsky

9. The 'Salt March' (Dandi Satyagraha) of 1930, a pivotal event in the Indian independence movement, was led by which individual?

- A) Jawaharlal Nehru
- B) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- C) Subhas Chandra Bose
- D) Mahatma Gandhi

10. The Bretton Woods Conference of 1944 resulted in the creation of which two international financial institutions?

- A) The WTO and the UN
- B) The IMF and the World Bank
- C) The G7 and the OECD
- D) The ECB and the BIS

11. In the context of the French Revolution, the 'Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen' was adopted in what year?

- A) 1789
- B) 1791
- C) 1793
- D) 1795

12. Which British Prime Minister served during the entirety of the Second World War as the leader of the wartime coalition government?

- A) Neville Chamberlain
- B) Clement Attlee
- C) Winston Churchill
- D) Anthony Eden

13. The Truman Doctrine, announced in 1947, was primarily designed to contain the expansion of which global power?

- A) Nazi Germany
- B) The British Empire
- C) The Soviet Union
- D) Imperial Japan

14. The Maastricht Treaty, signed in 1992, officially established which supranational political and economic union?

- A) The European Economic Community
- B) The European Union
- C) The Council of Europe
- D) The Benelux Union

15. Who served as the first Prime Minister of the State of Israel following its declaration of independence in 1948?

- A) Chaim Weizmann
- B) Golda Meir
- C) Menachem Begin
- D) David Ben-Gurion

16. The 'Pentagon Papers,' leaked in 1971, detailed the history of United States involvement in which conflict?

- A) The Korean War
- B) The Vietnam War
- C) The Cold War in Cuba
- D) The Bay of Pigs invasion

17. The 1978 Camp David Accords were a peace treaty signed between Israel and which neighboring nation?

- A) Jordan
- B) Lebanon
- C) Egypt
- D) Syria

18. Which South African political leader was released from Victor Verster Prison in 1990 after 27 years of incarceration?

- A) Desmond Tutu
- B) Steve Biko
- C) Oliver Tambo
- D) Nelson Mandela