

Political Science History and Verified Events

Political Science · Answer Key · 18 Questions

1. Which 1648 treaty series is widely recognized by historians as establishing the precedent for the principle of Westphalian sovereignty?

- A) Treaty of Versailles
- B) Peace of Westphalia**
- C) Congress of Vienna
- D) Treaty of Utrecht

2. In what year did the parliament of the United Kingdom pass the Parliament Act, which effectively removed the House of Lords' power to veto money bills?

- A) 1905
- B) 1911**
- C) 1920
- D) 1932

3. The 'Great Compromise' of the 1787 United States Constitutional Convention resolved the conflict between the Virginia Plan and the New Jersey Plan regarding what?

- A) Executive branch term limits
- B) The establishment of a federal judiciary
- C) Legislative representation**
- D) The abolition of the slave trade

4. Which political document, signed in 1215, established the principle that the monarch is not above the law?

- A) The Bill of Rights
- B) The Petition of Right
- C) Magna Carta**
- D) The Instrument of Government

5. Who was the primary author of 'The Federalist Papers' under the pseudonym 'Publius' who served as the first U.S. Secretary of the Treasury?

- A) James Madison
- B) Alexander Hamilton**
- C) John Jay
- D) Thomas Jefferson

6. The 'Zimmermann Telegram,' which influenced the United States to enter World War I, was a diplomatic communication proposing an alliance between Germany and which other nation?

A) Mexico

B) Japan

C) Brazil

D) Italy

7. What was the official name of the German parliament during the era of the Weimar Republic?

A) Bundestag

B) Bundesrat

C) Reichstag

D) Volkskammer

8. Which 19th-century political theorist authored 'The Communist Manifesto' alongside Karl Marx?

A) Vladimir Lenin

B) Friedrich Engels

C) Mikhail Bakunin

D) Leon Trotsky

9. The 'Salt March' (Dandi Satyagraha) of 1930, a pivotal event in the Indian independence movement, was led by which individual?

A) Jawaharlal Nehru

B) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

C) Subhas Chandra Bose

D) Mahatma Gandhi

10. The Bretton Woods Conference of 1944 resulted in the creation of which two international financial institutions?

A) The WTO and the UN

B) The IMF and the World Bank

C) The G7 and the OECD

D) The ECB and the BIS

11. In the context of the French Revolution, the 'Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen' was adopted in what year?

A) 1789

B) 1791

C) 1793

D) 1795

12. Which British Prime Minister served during the entirety of the Second World War as the leader of the wartime coalition government?

- A) Neville Chamberlain
- B) Clement Attlee
- C) Winston Churchill**
- D) Anthony Eden

13. The Truman Doctrine, announced in 1947, was primarily designed to contain the expansion of which global power?

- A) Nazi Germany
- B) The British Empire
- C) The Soviet Union**
- D) Imperial Japan

14. The Maastricht Treaty, signed in 1992, officially established which supranational political and economic union?

- A) The European Economic Community
- B) The European Union**
- C) The Council of Europe
- D) The Benelux Union

15. Who served as the first Prime Minister of the State of Israel following its declaration of independence in 1948?

- A) Chaim Weizmann
- B) Golda Meir
- C) Menachem Begin
- D) David Ben-Gurion**

16. The 'Pentagon Papers,' leaked in 1971, detailed the history of United States involvement in which conflict?

- A) The Korean War
- B) The Vietnam War**
- C) The Cold War in Cuba
- D) The Bay of Pigs invasion

17. The 1978 Camp David Accords were a peace treaty signed between Israel and which neighboring nation?

- A) Jordan
- B) Lebanon
- C) Egypt**
- D) Syria

18. Which South African political leader was released from Victor Verster Prison in 1990 after 27 years of incarceration?

- A) Desmond Tutu
- B) Steve Biko
- C) Oliver Tambo
- D) Nelson Mandela**