

Nature and Wildlife Diplomacy

Environmental Diplomacy · Practice Test · 15 Questions

1. Which international agreement was created to ensure that international trade in specimens of wild animals and plants does not threaten their survival?

- A) CITES
- B) The Kyoto Protocol
- C) The Paris Agreement
- D) The Geneva Convention

2. Which global body is responsible for maintaining the 'Red List' of threatened species to help countries coordinate conservation efforts?

- A) IUCN
- B) NASA
- C) UNESCO
- D) WHO

3. What is the primary goal of the Antarctic Treaty System regarding the continent of Antarctica?

- A) To establish military bases
- B) To protect the environment and support scientific research
- C) To mine for gold
- D) To build large cities

4. Which migratory bird is considered a symbol of international diplomacy because it migrates across many different national borders?

- A) Arctic Tern
- B) Ostrich
- C) Penguin
- D) Cassowary

5. The 'Great Green Wall' is a major environmental initiative primarily involving countries on which continent to combat desertification?

- A) South America
- B) Africa
- C) Europe
- D) Australia

6. What do many nations protect through the 'Ramsar Convention'?

- A) Desert landscapes
- B) Mountain peaks
- C) Wetlands
- D) Volcanoes

7. Which of these animals is the national animal of Australia and is often featured in environmental diplomacy and international exchange programs?

- A) Red Kangaroo
- B) Koala
- C) Platypus
- D) Emu

8. What is the purpose of the 'World Heritage' designation by UNESCO for natural sites?

- A) To sell the land to private companies
- B) To ensure international protection of sites of universal value
- C) To allow for unlimited tourism
- D) To build factories

9. Which gas, often discussed in international climate diplomacy, is absorbed by forests and oceans to help regulate the Earth's temperature?

- A) Oxygen
- B) Carbon dioxide
- C) Nitrogen
- D) Helium

10. The 'Montreal Protocol' is a famous international agreement created to protect what part of the environment?

- A) The ozone layer
- B) The deep ocean floor
- C) The Amazon Rainforest
- D) The soil quality

11. Which large marine animal is protected by the International Whaling Commission, an organization formed through international agreement?

- A) Whale
- B) Great White Shark
- C) Dolphin
- D) Seal

12. What do many countries share and manage together through international treaties because they flow across national borders?

- A) Rivers
- B) Deserts
- C) Glaciers
- D) Canyons

13. The 'Convention on Biological Diversity' was established to promote the sustainable use and protection of what?

- A) Steel and iron
- B) Variety of life on Earth
- C) Artificial intelligence
- D) Nuclear energy

14. What is a 'Transboundary Protected Area' in international environmental terms?

- A) A zoo in a capital city
- B) A nature reserve that spans the borders of two or more countries
- C) A private garden
- D) A national park inside a single city

15. Which international day is observed globally to raise awareness about the protection of the Earth's environment?

- A) World Environment Day
- B) Independence Day
- C) New Year's Day
- D) Labor Day