

Introduction to Poetry

Poetry · Practice Test · 15 Questions

1. What is a group of lines in a poem called, similar to a paragraph in prose?

- A) Stanza
- B) Verse
- C) Chapter
- D) Couplet

2. Which term describes the repetition of similar sounds at the end of words?

- A) Rhythm
- B) Rhyme
- C) Meter
- D) Alliteration

3. What is a poem called that consists of exactly fourteen lines?

- A) Haiku
- B) Limerick
- C) Sonnet
- D) Ballad

4. What is the repetition of the same consonant sound at the beginning of adjacent words called?

- A) Metaphor
- B) Simile
- C) Alliteration
- D) Hyperbole

5. A haiku traditionally consists of how many lines?

- A) Three
- B) Four
- C) Five
- D) Six

6. What literary device compares two things using the words 'like' or 'as'?

- A) Metaphor
- B) Personification
- C) Simile
- D) Onomatopoeia

7. Which of these is a humorous five-line poem with an AABBA rhyme scheme?

- A) Limerick
- B) Sonnet
- C) Epic
- D) Ode

8. What do we call the pattern of beats or stresses in a line of poetry?

- A) Tone
- B) Mood
- C) Rhythm
- D) Theme

9. What is the term for giving human qualities to non-human objects or ideas?

- A) Personification
- B) Alliteration
- C) Hyperbole
- D) Irony

10. What is a long narrative poem that tells the story of a hero often called?

- A) Lyric
- B) Epic
- C) Elegy
- D) Haiku

11. What term refers to words that imitate the natural sound of a thing, such as 'buzz' or 'hiss'?

- A) Oxymoron
- B) Onomatopoeia
- C) Consonance
- D) Assonance

12. A stanza consisting of exactly two lines is known as a what?

- A) Quatrain
- B) Triplet
- C) Couplet
- D) Octave

13. What is a poem written to praise or glorify an event or individual called?

- A) Elegy
- B) Ode
- C) Satire
- D) Free verse

14. Which term describes poetry that does not follow a specific rhyme scheme or meter?

- A) Free verse
- B) Blank verse
- C) Classic
- D) Stanzaic

15. What is the main subject or underlying message of a poem called?

- A) Plot
- B) Setting
- C) Theme
- D) Dialogue