

Foundations of Philosophical Inquiry

Philosophy · Practice Test · 8 Questions

1. Which philosopher is known for the phrase 'Cogito, ergo sum', meaning 'I think, therefore I am'?

- A) René Descartes
- B) John Locke
- C) Immanuel Kant
- D) Plato

2. What is the branch of philosophy that studies the nature and scope of human knowledge?

- A) Ethics
- B) Metaphysics
- C) Epistemology
- D) Logic

3. Who wrote the 'Republic', a work detailing the concept of the Philosopher King?

- A) Aristotle
- B) Socrates
- C) Plato
- D) Heraclitus

4. In logic, what is a syllogism composed of?

- A) Two premises and a conclusion
- B) One premise and one theory
- C) An opinion and a fact
- D) A hypothesis only

5. Which ancient Greek philosopher was the teacher of Alexander the Great?

- A) Epicurus
- B) Aristotle
- C) Thales
- D) Zeno

6. What is the term for a logical argument that appears valid but is actually flawed?

- A) Paradox
- B) Fallacy
- C) Deduction
- D) Induction

7. Which philosophical movement emphasizes the importance of empirical evidence and sensory experience?

- A) Rationalism
- B) Idealism
- C) Empiricism
- D) Stoicism

8. Who is considered the founder of Stoicism, a school of philosophy that teaches self-control and detachment?

- A) Marcus Aurelius
- B) Seneca
- C) Zeno of Citium
- D) Epictetus