

Introduction to Globalization and Its Metaphors

Social Sciences · Answer Key · 20 Questions

1. According to the text, what are the four essential elements of a state?

- A) Population, Territory, Government, Sovereignty**
- B) Economy, Culture, Politics, Technology
- C) Trade, Communication, Travel, Connections
- D) Citizenship, Laws, Borders, Leaders

2. What does 'Territory' refer to in the context of a state?

- A) The people who live within the state's borders.
- B) The geographical area over which a state exercises authority.**
- C) The system of laws and governance within a state.
- D) The supreme power of a state to govern itself.

3. Which of the following is a function of government?

- A) Expanding trade routes
- B) Making and enforcing laws**
- C) Discovering new lands
- D) Creating global markets

4. What is 'Sovereignty'?

- A) The population of a state
- B) The geographical area of a state
- C) The supreme power of a state to govern itself**
- D) The government's administrative functions

5. What is the synthesized definition of globalization presented in the text?

- A) The integration of markets, nation-states, and technologies.
- B) The intensification of worldwide social relations.
- C) The process by which people, businesses, cultures, governments, and technologies become increasingly interconnected.**
- D) The compression of the world and the intensification of consciousness of the world as a whole.

6. According to Anthony Giddens, globalization is characterized by:

- A) The integration of economies, governments, and technologies.
- B) The compression of the world and intensification of consciousness.
- C) The intensification of worldwide social relations linking distant localities.**
- D) The global sharing of information and communication technology.

7. Thomas Friedman views globalization as:

- A) A social process where geographical constraints recede.
- B) The integration of markets, nation-states, and technologies.**
- C) A multidimensional set of social processes creating interdependencies.
- D) The world feeling smaller due to communication technologies.

8. Roland Robertson highlights globalization as:

- A) The integration of markets and economies worldwide.
- B) The spread of ideas, values, and cultural products.
- C) The compression of the world and intensification of consciousness of the world as a whole.**
- D) The global sharing of information and communication technology.

9. Malcolm Waters suggests that globalization is a social process where:

- A) Governments cooperate more closely.
- B) Cultures mix and influence one another.
- C) The constraints of geography on social and cultural arrangements recede.**
- D) The world functions as one large market.

10. Manfred Steger describes globalization as multidimensional, including which aspects?

- A) Economic, political, and cultural only
- B) Economic, political, cultural, technological, and environmental**
- C) Social, cultural, and technological only
- D) Economic, environmental, and political only

11. The United Nations describes globalization as:

- A) A process of cultural homogenization.
- B) The increasing integration of economies and societies.**
- C) A reduction in national sovereignty.
- D) The dominance of Western culture.

12. Which wave of globalization is characterized by the Industrial Revolution, steamships, and railways?

- A) First Wave (1492-1800)
- B) Second Wave (1800-2000)**
- C) Third Wave (2000-Present)
- D) The Age of Exploration

13. The 'Third Wave' of globalization (2000-Present) is associated with:

- A) The Silk Road and Spice Trade
- B) Steamships and telegraph communication
- C) Internet revolution, social media, and Artificial Intelligence**
- D) Expansion of European empires

14. Which dimension of globalization refers to the integration of markets and economies worldwide?

- A) Political Globalization
- B) Cultural Globalization
- C) Economic Globalization**
- D) Technological Globalization

15. The United Nations (UN) and ASEAN are examples of what dimension of globalization?

- A) Economic Globalization
- B) Cultural Globalization
- C) Political Globalization**
- D) Environmental Globalization

16. The spread of Korean Pop Culture (K-pop) is an example of:

- A) Economic Globalization
- B) Political Globalization
- C) Cultural Globalization**
- D) Technological Globalization

17. The Internet, Artificial Intelligence, and Cloud Computing are examples of:

- A) Cultural Globalization
- B) Political Globalization
- C) Economic Globalization
- D) Technological Globalization**

18. Environmental issues like climate change and biodiversity loss are related to:

- A) Technological Globalization
- B) Cultural Globalization
- C) Environmental Globalization**
- D) Political Globalization

19. Which of the following is listed as an economic benefit of globalization?

- A) Faster communication
- B) Cross-cultural understanding
- C) More employment opportunities**
- D) Access to education

20. According to the text, what is a cultural benefit of globalization?

- A) Job displacement
- B) Income inequality
- C) Appreciation of diversity**
- D) Labor exploitation