

Global Public Policy and Governance

Public Policy · Answer Key · 18 Questions

1. Which nation's constitution mandates the 'Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2005' to limit public debt to specific percentages of GDP?

- A) Canada
- B) New Zealand**
- C) Norway
- D) Singapore

2. In the context of the European Union's Common Agricultural Policy (CAP), which country is the largest beneficiary of direct payments as of 2022?

- A) Poland
- B) Spain
- C) France**
- D) Italy

3. The 'Great Green Wall' initiative, a major public policy project for desertification control, is primarily located in which geographical region?

- A) The Sahel**
- B) The Gobi Desert
- C) The Arabian Peninsula
- D) The Atacama

4. Which nation utilizes the 'Janteloven' (Law of Jante) framework to implicitly guide social welfare policy and cultural egalitarianism?

- A) Denmark**
- B) Japan
- C) Switzerland
- D) Canada

5. Which country implemented the 'Bolsa Família' policy, recognized globally for its impact on poverty reduction in the early 2000s?

- A) Argentina
- B) Brazil**
- C) Mexico
- D) Colombia

6. The 'Greenbelt' policy, which legally restricts urban sprawl around a major capital city, was pioneered in which country?

- A) Germany
- B) Australia
- C) United Kingdom**
- D) South Korea

7. Which nation adopted the 'Bhutanese Gross National Happiness' index as an official measure of public policy success rather than GDP?

- A) Nepal
- B) Thailand
- C) Bhutan**
- D) Laos

8. In terms of public policy regarding maritime boundaries, which country's 'Exclusive Economic Zone' (EEZ) is the largest in the world?

- A) United States
- B) Australia
- C) France**
- D) Russia

9. The 'Arctic Council' operates under a framework defined by the Ottawa Declaration; which country currently holds the record for the longest continuous border within the Arctic Circle?

- A) Russia**
- B) Canada
- C) Norway
- D) Iceland

10. Which city-state is famous for its 'Certificate of Entitlement' (COE) policy, a system used to manage vehicle ownership and urban density?

- A) Hong Kong
- B) Monaco
- C) Singapore**
- D) Vatican City

11. What is the primary objective of the 'Schengen Agreement' within the European Union's public policy framework?

- A) Currency unification
- B) Abolition of internal border checks**
- C) Common defense procurement
- D) Tax harmonization

12. The 'Hukou' system is a public policy mechanism historically used to manage internal migration and social services in which country?

- A) Vietnam
- B) China**
- C) India
- D) North Korea

13. Which country maintains a policy of 'Permanent Neutrality' enshrined in its federal constitution since 1815?

- A) Austria
- B) Sweden
- C) Switzerland**
- D) Ireland

14. The 'Law of Return' is a pivotal public policy in which country, granting citizenship rights to individuals of a specific diaspora?

- A) Israel**
- B) Germany
- C) Armenia
- D) Greece

15. Which country implemented the 'Abenomics' policy framework, characterized by the 'three arrows' of monetary easing, fiscal stimulus, and structural reform?

- A) South Korea
- B) Japan**
- C) Taiwan
- D) Indonesia

16. The 'Energy Transition' (Energiewende) is a landmark policy shift aimed at decarbonizing the energy sector of which nation?

- A) France
- B) Germany**
- C) Norway
- D) Denmark

17. Which country's 'Constitution of 1987' was designed following the transition from a long-standing military dictatorship?

- A) Philippines**
- B) Argentina
- C) Spain
- D) Chile

18. The 'Oil Fund' (Government Pension Fund Global) is a wealth management policy established by which country to handle revenues from petroleum extraction?

A) Saudi Arabia

B) Norway

C) Qatar

D) Kuwait