

Inequalities and Intervals Quiz

Mathematics · Practice Test · 17 Questions

1. Which point satisfies $x^2 + y \leq 10$?

- A) (3,4)
- B) (2,5)
- C) (4,3)
- D) (1,1)

2. Which symbol indicates that endpoints are included in a number line solution?

- A) Open circles
- B) Closed circles
- C) Dashed lines
- D) Arrows

3. Why does $x^2 - 4 > 0$ produce two separate intervals?

- A) Values between roots satisfy
- B) Values beyond both roots satisfy
- C) Roots are excluded
- D) Inequality is linear

4. Why are brackets used in the interval $[-3, 3]$?

- A) Endpoints are excluded
- B) Endpoints are included
- C) Values are negative
- D) Values are positive

5. For the inequality $x^2 - 25 < 0$, which values of x satisfy the condition?

- A) $x < -5$ or $x > 5$
- B) $-5 < x < 5$
- C) $x > 25$
- D) $x < -25$

6. Why does $x^2 - 36 < 0$ use closed circles at -6 and 6?

- A) The endpoints satisfy the inequality
- B) The endpoints are outside the graph
- C) The roots are imaginary
- D) The inequality is greater than

7. Which set-builder notation represents $(-3, 3)$?

- A) $\{x \mid -3 < x < 3\}$
- B) $\{x \mid x < -3 \text{ or } x > 3\}$
- C) $\{x \mid x \leq -3\}$
- D) $\{x \mid x \geq 3\}$

8. Which interval represents the solution of $x^2 - 100 < 0$?

- A) $[-10, 10]$
- B) $(-10, 10)$
- C) $(-10, 10]$
- D) $[-10, 10)$

9. Which solution set satisfies $x^2 - 9 < 0$?

- A) $x < -3 \text{ or } x > 3$
- B) $-3 < x < 3$
- C) $x < 9$
- D) $x > 3$

10. Which interval represents all values less than -2 ?

- A) $(-2, ?)$
- B) $(-?, -2)$
- C) $[-2, ?)$
- D) $(-?, -2]$

11. Which graph represents the inequality $y < x - 9$?

- A) Shaded region below a parabola
- B) Shaded region beside a line
- C) Shaded region inside a circle
- D) Shaded region above a line

12. A bridge remains stable when $x^2 - 64 < 0$. Which interval represents stability?

- A) Values from -8 through 8
- B) Values beyond -8 and 8
- C) $x > 64$
- D) $x < -8$

13. Which notation represents the set $\{x \mid x < -2\}$?

- A) $(-?, -2]$
- B) $(-?, -2)$
- C) $[-2, ?)$
- D) $(-2, ?)$

14. Which statement correctly compares $x^2 - 16 < 0$ and $x^2 - 16 > 0$?

- A) They have the same vertices
- B) Their solution intervals are complementary
- C) Both include the endpoints
- D) Both are linear

15. Which equation forms the boundary of $x^2 + y \leq 16$?

- A) $x - y = 16$
- B) $x^2 + y = 16$
- C) $x + y^2 = 16$
- D) $x + y = 4$

16. Why is the boundary dashed for $x + y < 9$?

- A) The graph is decreasing
- B) The boundary is not included
- C) The inequality is quadratic
- D) The points are negative

17. Why are brackets used in $[-5, 5]$?

- A) -5 and 5 are excluded
- B) -5 and 5 are included
- C) The interval is infinite
- D) The values are complex