

Fundamentals of Human Geography

Human Geography · Practice Test · 12 Questions

1. Which demographic model describes the transition from high birth and death rates to low birth and death rates as a country develops?

- A) The Von Thünen Model
- B) The Demographic Transition Model
- C) The Sector Model
- D) The Gravity Model

2. What is the primary focus of the 'Central Place Theory' developed by Walter Christaller?

- A) The distribution of cities and services
- B) The movement of tectonic plates
- C) The layout of agricultural fields
- D) The spread of infectious diseases

3. According to Ravenstein's Laws of Migration, what is the most common reason for short-distance migration?

- A) Economic factors
- B) Political instability
- C) Environmental disasters
- D) Religious persecution

4. What does the 'Dependency Ratio' measure?

- A) The ratio of urban to rural population
- B) The number of people supported by the working-age population
- C) The rate of infant mortality
- D) The percentage of GDP spent on defense

5. Which economic sector involves the extraction of raw materials, such as mining and agriculture?

- A) Primary
- B) Secondary
- C) Tertiary
- D) Quaternary

6. What concept describes the reduction in the time it takes to diffuse an idea or innovation across space due to improved technology?

- A) Space-time compression
- B) Urban sprawl
- C) Gentrification
- D) Cultural hearth

7. In the Concentric Zone Model of urban structure, which zone is typically located immediately surrounding the Central Business District (CBD)?

- A) Zone of transition
- B) Commuter zone
- C) High-class residential
- D) Suburban housing

8. What is the definition of a 'primate city' in a national urban system?

- A) The capital city of every nation
- B) A city that is at least twice as large as the next largest city
- C) A city located on the coast
- D) A city built entirely on reclaimed land

9. Which term refers to the process where an increasing percentage of a population lives in cities and suburbs?

- A) Urbanization
- B) Deindustrialization
- C) Suburbanization
- D) Counter-urbanization

10. According to the 'Least Cost Theory' by Alfred Weber, what is the most important factor in locating an industrial plant?

- A) Transportation costs
- B) Availability of sunshine
- C) Proximity to political borders
- D) Access to historical landmarks

11. What is a 'multinational state'?

- A) A state with more than one nation within its borders
- B) A state that belongs to the United Nations
- C) A state with multiple official languages
- D) A state with a diverse climate

12. The 'Gravity Model' in geography suggests that the interaction between two cities is proportional to their population and inversely proportional to what?

- A) The distance between them
- B) The height of their buildings
- C) Their average temperature
- D) Their political affiliation