

LTO Driver's Reorientation Course (DRC) Exam Reviewer

Driver's Education · Answer Key · 36 Questions

1. What are the three colors of traffic lights?

- A) red, green and yellow**
- B) red, green and blue
- C) yellow, green and blue

2. What kind of information do yellow triangular signs provide?

- A) warning**
- B) hospital across
- C) speed limit

3. Which of the following traffic signs are blue?

- A) regulatory signs
- B) information signs**
- C) danger warning signs

4. What does a steady green light mean?

- A) you must yield to all pedestrians and other motorists using the intersection
- B) go, it is safe to do so**
- C) proceed cautiously through the intersection before the light changes to red.

5. What does a flashing yellow light at a road crossing signify?

- A) Caution - slow down and proceed with caution**
- B) Stop and stay until light stops flashing
- C) Wait for the green light

6. What does a solid white line on the right edge of the highway sloping inwards towards your left indicate?

- A) there is an intersection joint ahead
- B) the road will get narrower**
- C) you are approaching a construction area

7. In which situation are you in a No-Passing zone?

- A) a broken yellow line
- B) a broken white line
- C) two solid yellow lines**

8. When arrows are painted on the pavement, what must drivers do?

- A) must go in the direction of the arrows**
- B) slow down and prepare to yield right of way
- C) are not allowed to change lanes

9. When may you drive across solid yellow lines?

- A) change lanes
- B) turn left
- C) turn right**

10. What do double solid yellow lane lines indicate?

- A) should not be crossed except with due care
- B) should not be crossed anytime**
- C) does not allow lane changing

11. When may you not cross a single broken white or yellow line?

- A) when turning left into a driveway
- B) when passing to the right on a one-way street
- C) when to do so would interfere with traffic**

12. Under what condition may you cross over a double line on the road to overtake another car?

- A) if the line on your side is solid white
- B) if the line on your side is broken**
- C) if the line on your side is solid yellow

13. When you approach a flashing red signal light, what should you do?

- A) wait for the green light before proceeding
- B) slow down and proceed with caution
- C) come to a full stop and proceed when it is safe to do so**

14. Which hand signal must a driver give when they want to slow down and stop?

- A) left is bent at elbow, hand pointing up
- B) left arm held straight in horizontal position
- C) left arm held down and hand pointing at ground**

15. What is the proper hand signal for a right turn?

- A) left arm bent at elbow, hand pointing up**
- B) left arm held straight in horizontal position
- C) left arm held down and hand pointing at ground

16. If the driver ahead extends their left arm straight out, what are they likely going to do?

- A) turn left at the next intersection**
- B) pull off to the side of the road to stop
- C) turn right at the next intersection

17. When approaching a railway crossing with a signal device warning of an approaching train, what must you do?

- A) stop not less than 1.5 meters from the nearest rail**
- B) slow down and proceed with caution
- C) pull off to the side of the road to stop

18. Under what circumstance should you sound your horn?

- A) as a safety warning**
- B) at school zones
- C) at hospital zones

19. What does the lane require you to do upon approaching an intersection with a stop sign?

- A) slow down and proceed when it is safe to do so
- B) stop and proceed when it is safe to do so**
- C) yield the right-of-way if necessary to vehicles approaching from left or right

20. Upon approaching an intersection marked with a YIELD SIGN, what are you required to do?

- A) stop before entering the intersection
- B) enter the intersection immediately
- C) slow down then enter the intersection when the way is clear**

21. What type of sign is the "Do Not Enter" road sign?

- A) Regulatory sign**
- B) Guide sign
- C) Warning sign

22. What does the Right-of-Way law provide us with?

- A) basic rights as drivers
- B) rules for when to yield to others**
- C) rules for turning right

23. What is a good safety rule when you are sure you have the legal right-of-way?

- A) never believe on it
- B) sound your horn to alert others**
- C) always demand

24. At roundabouts, which vehicles have the right-of-way?

- A) vehicles which are just about to enter
- B) vehicles within the rotunda**
- C) vehicles facing the green light

25. At an intersection with no control device, two cars approach at right angles.

Which driver must yield?

- A) the driver who gets there first
- B) the driver who slows down first
- C) the driver who gets there last**

26. At an intersection with no control device, two cars approach from opposite directions. Which driver must yield?

- A) the driver going straight
- B) the driver turning left**
- C) the driver turning right

27. At an intersection without a control device, two cars approach from opposite directions at approximately the same time, one turning left and the other turning right. Which driver must yield?

- A) the driver turning right
- B) the driver turning left**
- C) the driver who gets there first

28. At an intersection without stop or yield signs, two cars reach the intersection at the same time. Which car has the right-of-way?

- A) the car on the right**
- B) the car on the left
- C) the car that slows down first

29. A car is positioned in an intersection waiting to turn left when the traffic signal light turns red. Who should go first?

- A) the driver caught in the intersection waiting to turn left**
- B) the driver making the right turn
- C) the driver caught with the green light

30. At an intersection without stop or yield signs, two cars approach from different streets. Which car has the right-of-way?

A) the vehicle already in the intersection

B) the vehicle on the left

C) the vehicle that slows down first

31. On a highway, what is a driver required to yield to?

A) any car coming out of a driveway

B) pedestrians

C) cars approaching an intersection from the left

32. When about to make a left turn, to whom should you give the right-of-way to cars coming from the opposite direction?

A) until at least two cars have passed

B) which are close enough to be dangerous

C) until five cars have passed

33. If there are pedestrians on a school crossing, what are you required to do?

A) stop and give way only to persons crossing from your right

B) stop only for children and give way to them from either direction

C) stop and do not proceed until all persons are completely clear off the crossing

34. Should a driver turning at an intersection give way to pedestrians?

A) Yes, a driver turning right or left must give way to pedestrians

B) No pedestrians must give way to all vehicles

C) Yes, but only if the driver is turning left

35. When on a street designed for two-way traffic and you hear the siren of an emergency vehicle, what does the law require you to do?

A) pull to the right and stop

B) speed up to get out of the way

C) continue at high speed

36. When two vehicles meet on an upgrade road where neither can pass, which vehicle must yield?

A) the vehicle facing downhill

B) the vehicle facing uphill

C) the vehicle that blows its horn first