

Global Criminal Justice Systems

Criminal Justice · Practice Test · 20 Questions

1. Which city serves as the permanent seat of the International Criminal Court (ICC)?

- A) Geneva
- B) The Hague
- C) Brussels
- D) Vienna

2. The Napoleonic Code, which significantly influenced modern civil law systems, was introduced by which country's leader?

- A) France
- B) Spain
- C) Italy
- D) Germany

3. Which country is known for having a unique 'lay judge' system called Saiban-in, integrated into its criminal court proceedings?

- A) South Korea
- B) Japan
- C) Singapore
- D) Thailand

4. What is the name of the legislative body in the United Kingdom that functions as the final court of appeal for most cases?

- A) The House of Commons
- B) The Supreme Court of the United Kingdom
- C) The High Court of Justice
- D) The Privy Council

5. In which country was the world's first modern police force, the Metropolitan Police Service, established in 1829?

- A) United States
- B) Canada
- C) United Kingdom
- D) Australia

6. Which international agency, headquartered in Lyon, France, facilitates worldwide police cooperation?

- A) Europol
- B) Interpol
- C) UNODC
- D) CIA

7. The inquisitorial legal system is most prominently associated with which region's legal tradition?

- A) Continental Europe
- B) North America
- C) Southeast Asia
- D) Sub-Saharan Africa

8. Which nation is credited with establishing the first written legal code, the Code of Hammurabi, in ancient Mesopotamia?

- A) Egypt
- B) Babylon
- C) Greece
- D) Persia

9. What is the name of the supreme judicial body in Australia?

- A) High Court of Australia
- B) Federal Court
- C) Supreme Court of New South Wales
- D) Full Court

10. Which country utilizes a 'Civil Law' system primarily based on the Germanic legal tradition rather than the Napoleonic tradition?

- A) Brazil
- B) Mexico
- C) Germany
- D) Argentina

11. The 'Great Charter' (Magna Carta), which laid foundations for due process, was sealed in which country?

- A) France
- B) England
- C) Italy
- D) Scotland

12. Which Nordic country is internationally recognized for its highly rehabilitative 'open prison' system, such as Bastøy Prison?

- A) Sweden
- B) Denmark
- C) Norway
- D) Finland

13. In the United States, which amendment to the Constitution provides the right to a speedy and public trial?

- A) First Amendment
- B) Fourth Amendment
- C) Sixth Amendment
- D) Eighth Amendment

14. Which international treaty governs the treatment of prisoners of war and civilians in wartime?

- A) Treaty of Versailles
- B) Geneva Conventions
- C) Kyoto Protocol
- D) Rome Statute

15. The concept of 'Sharia Law' serves as the foundation for the legal system in which Middle Eastern nation?

- A) Israel
- B) Saudi Arabia
- C) Turkey
- D) Lebanon

16. Which country's criminal justice system is known for the extensive use of 'Jury Trials' as a constitutional requirement for serious crimes?

- A) China
- B) United States
- C) Vietnam
- D) Russia

17. Which Caribbean nation maintains the Privy Council in London as its final court of appeal for criminal cases?

- A) Cuba
- B) Jamaica
- C) Dominican Republic
- D) Haiti

18. What is the primary function of the UN Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), located in Vienna?

- A) Military intervention
- B) Drug control and crime prevention
- C) Economic sanctions
- D) Border patrol

19. Which country abolished the death penalty for all crimes in 1981, becoming one of the first major nations to do so in modern history?

- A) France
- B) Canada
- C) Australia
- D) New Zealand

20. Which African nation's constitution is widely considered one of the most progressive regarding human rights and criminal justice after the end of apartheid?

- A) Nigeria
- B) Kenya
- C) South Africa
- D) Egypt