

International Relations Fundamentals

International Relations · Practice Test · 25 Questions

1. Which international organization was established by the Treaty of Versailles in 1919 to promote global peace and cooperation?

- A) United Nations
- B) League of Nations
- C) North Atlantic Treaty Organization
- D) World Trade Organization

2. What is the primary function of the International Court of Justice located in The Hague?

- A) To try individuals for war crimes
- B) To settle legal disputes between sovereign states
- C) To regulate international trade tariffs
- D) To provide humanitarian aid to refugees

3. Which country is currently one of the five permanent members of the United Nations Security Council with veto power?

- A) Germany
- B) Japan
- C) France
- D) India

4. The 'Bretton Woods' conference in 1944 led to the creation of which two major financial institutions?

- A) IMF and World Bank
- B) WTO and OECD
- C) G7 and G20
- D) European Central Bank and Federal Reserve

5. What is the term for the policy of staying out of the political affairs or wars of other countries?

- A) Imperialism
- B) Isolationism
- C) Globalism
- D) Interventionism

6. The Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) is primarily designed to prevent the spread of what?

- A) Economic recession
- B) Pandemic diseases
- C) Nuclear weapons
- D) Climate change

7. Which organization, headquartered in Brussels, is a collective defense alliance established in 1949?

- A) European Union
- B) Warsaw Pact
- C) NATO
- D) African Union

8. What does the term 'sovereignty' refer to in international law?

- A) The right of a state to govern itself without external interference
- B) The ability of a nation to trade freely
- C) The process of joining the United Nations
- D) The protection of human rights in conflict zones

9. Which body of the United Nations consists of all member states and serves as the main deliberative, policymaking, and representative organ?

- A) Security Council
- B) Secretariat
- C) General Assembly
- D) Trusteeship Council

10. The 'Universal Declaration of Human Rights' was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in which year?

- A) 1945
- B) 1948
- C) 1950
- D) 1955

11. Which nation is the world's largest contributor to the United Nations regular budget?

- A) China
- B) United Kingdom
- C) United States
- D) Germany

12. What is the primary objective of the World Trade Organization (WTO)?

- A) To promote human rights
- B) To regulate global climate policy
- C) To reduce barriers to international trade
- D) To provide military support to members

13. The 'Cold War' was primarily a geopolitical tension between which two superpowers?

- A) USA and China
- B) USA and USSR
- C) UK and Germany
- D) Russia and Japan

14. What is the 'Soft Power' approach in international relations?

- A) Using military force to achieve goals
- B) Using economic sanctions to punish states
- C) Using cultural influence and diplomacy to attract others
- D) Using secret intelligence to influence elections

15. Which protocol, signed in 1997, aimed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions?

- A) Kyoto Protocol
- B) Geneva Convention
- C) Paris Agreement
- D) Vienna Convention

16. The European Union's single currency, the Euro, was first introduced as an electronic currency in which year?

- A) 1992
- B) 1995
- C) 1999
- D) 2002

17. What are 'Non-Governmental Organizations' (NGOs) in the context of international relations?

- A) Government-funded research groups
- B) Private, non-profit organizations independent of states
- C) Inter-state military alliances
- D) Divisions of the United Nations

18. Which African country hosted the headquarters of the African Union?

- A) Nigeria
- B) South Africa
- C) Ethiopia
- D) Kenya

19. In international relations, a 'proxy war' refers to:

- A) A war fought directly between two major powers
- B) A conflict where major powers use third parties to fight on their behalf
- C) A trade war involving tariffs
- D) A cyber warfare attack on infrastructure

20. The 'Geneva Conventions' are international treaties primarily concerned with:

- A) International shipping lanes
- B) The treatment of people in wartime
- C) The regulation of space exploration
- D) The standardization of global internet protocols

21. Which of these countries is NOT part of the G7?

- A) Canada
- B) Italy
- C) Russia
- D) Japan

22. What is the meaning of 'multilateralism' in foreign policy?

- A) A country acting alone to achieve its goals
- B) Cooperation among three or more nations to solve common problems
- C) A trade agreement between only two countries
- D) The dominance of a single superpower

23. The 'ASEAN' regional bloc is comprised of countries located in which part of the world?

- A) South America
- B) Southeast Asia
- C) Eastern Europe
- D) West Africa

24. Which treaty officially ended the Thirty Years' War in 1648 and established the concept of state sovereignty?

- A) Treaty of Westphalia
- B) Treaty of Versailles
- C) Treaty of Paris
- D) Treaty of Utrecht

25. What is the main role of the 'Secretariat' within the United Nations?

- A) To adjudicate legal disputes
- B) To draft peacekeeping resolutions
- C) To carry out the day-to-day administrative work
- D) To represent the interests of corporations