

2026 Civil Service Exam of the Philippines Reviewer: Philippine Constitutions

Philippine Government And History · Answer Key · 47 Questions

1. The current Philippine Constitution was ratified in what year?

- A) 1986
- B) 1973
- C) 1935
- D) 1987**

2. Which of the following is NOT among the three branches of the Philippine government as established by the Constitution?

- A) Legislative
- B) Executive
- C) Judicial
- D) Military**

3. Under the 1987 Philippine Constitution, how many consecutive terms can a President serve?

- A) 1**
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) Unlimited

4. Which article of the 1987 Philippine Constitution focuses on the rights of citizens?

- A) Article II
- B) Article III**
- C) Article IV
- D) Article V

5. Which constitutional body is primarily responsible for conducting elections in the Philippines?

- A) Department of Interior and Local Government
- B) Commission on Elections**
- C) Supreme Court
- D) Civil Service Commission

6. What is the minimum age requirement to be elected as a Senator in the Philippines?

- A) 25 years old
- B) 30 years old**
- C) 35 years old
- D) 18 years old

7. Under the Philippine Constitution, which branch of government has the "power of the purse"?

- A) Executive
- B) Legislative**
- C) Judicial
- D) Local Government

8. What is the national language of the Philippines?

- A) Tagalog
- B) English
- C) Filipino**
- D) Spanish

9. How many regions are there in the Philippines?

- A) 16
- B) 17**
- C) 18
- D) 15

10. Which article of the Constitution focuses on the Bill of Rights?

- A) Article II
- B) Article III**
- C) Article IV
- D) Article V

11. The President's term of office under the 1987 Constitution is:

- A) 4 years with reelection**
- B) 6 years with no reelection
- C) 4 years with no reelection
- D) 6 years with reelection

12. Who heads the Constitutional Commission that drafted the 1987 Constitution?

- A) Jose P. Laurel
- B) Claro M. Recto
- C) Cecilia Muñoz Palma**
- D) Manuel L. Quezon

13. The first Philippine Constitution was the:

- A) 1987 Constitution
- B) 1973 Constitution
- C) 1935 Constitution
- D) Malolos Constitution**

14. Under the Constitution, how many Senators should there be?

- A) 12
- B) 24**
- C) 30
- D) 16

15. The minimum age requirement for President is:

- A) 35 years**
- B) 40 years
- C) 30 years
- D) 25 years

16. Which branch of government is considered the "purse" of the nation?

- A) Executive
- B) Legislative**
- C) Judicial
- D) Military

17. The Constitutional Commission of 1986 had how many members?

- A) 45
- B) 48**
- C) 50
- D) 32

18. EDSA People Power Revolution happened in:

- A) 1985
- B) 1986**
- C) 1987
- D) 1984

19. What does Article II principally contain?

- A) Bill of Rights
- B) National Territory
- C) Declaration of Principles and State Policies**
- D) Citizenship

20. The Supreme Court can declare laws:

- A) Void**
- B) Valid
- C) Amend
- D) Repeal

21. The Constitutional provision on foreign military bases requires:

A) Legislative vote

- B) Presidential decree
- C) Supreme Court ruling
- D) Referendum

22. Which branch can enter into international treaties?

A) Legislative

B) Executive

- C) Judicial
- D) Foreign Affairs

23. The Bangsamoro Organic Law is based on Article:

A) IX

- B) X
- C) XI
- D) XII

24. When is a required referendum valid?

A) 2/3 majority

B) Majority vote

- C) Unanimous vote
- D) Simple majority

25. Anti-Dynasty provisions are found in Article:

A) XIII

- B) XIV
- C) XV
- D) XVI

26. The Philippine-American War began in:

A) 1898

- B) 1899
- C) 1900
- D) 1901

27. Which Constitution first mentioned environmental protection?

A) 1973

- B) 1987
- C) 1935
- D) Malolos

28. The Barangay system was constitutionalized in:

- A) 1935**
- B) 1973
- C) 1987
- D) Malolos

29. Who can convene a Constitutional Convention?

- A) President
- B) Congress**
- C) Supreme Court
- D) People's Initiative

30. The "Freedom Constitution" was in effect during:

- A) 1985-1986
- B) 1986-1987**
- C) 1987-1988
- D) 1984-1985

31. Party-list representation was introduced in:

- A) 1973**
- B) 1987
- C) 1992
- D) 1935

32. The Local Government Code was enacted in:

- A) 1990**
- B) 1991
- C) 1983
- D) 1973

33. The Commission on Elections was created in:

- A) 1935**
- B) 1940
- C) 1946
- D) 1937

34. Emergency Powers can be granted by:

- A) President
- B) Congress
- C) Supreme Court
- D) Both President and Congress**

35. The Philippine Senate was abolished under the:

- A) 1935 Constitution
- B) 1973 Constitution**
- C) 1987 Constitution
- D) Malolos Constitution

36. The first Ombudsman was appointed in:

- A) 1987**
- B) 1988
- C) 1989
- D) 1990

37. The Constitutional prohibition on political dynasties is:

- A) Self-executing**
- B) Requires enabling law
- C) Vague
- D) Limited

38. The Judicial and Bar Council was created by the:

- A) 1973 Constitution**
- B) 1987 Constitution
- C) 1935 Constitution
- D) Republic Act

39. The Constitutional age requirement for Senators is:

- A) 30**
- B) 35
- C) 25
- D) 40

40. The first Local Government Code was enacted in:

- A) 1959**
- B) 1960
- C) 1958
- D) 1961

41. The Ombudsman's term of office is:

- A) 6 years**
- B) 5 years
- C) 7 years
- D) 4 years

42. The Constitutional Commission convened in:

A) 1985

B) 1986

C) 1987

D) 1984

43. Regarding West Philippine Sea, Article XII Section 2 protects:

A) Mineral rights

B) Fishing rights

C) Territorial waters

D) Navigational rights

44. The Anti-Terror Law of 2020 relates to Article:

A) Article II

B) Article III

C) Article IV

D) Article V

45. The Mindanao peace process is primarily based on:

A) Article II

B) Article X

C) Article XI

D) Article XII

46. Environmental protection cases can invoke:

A) Article XII

B) Article II

C) Article III

D) Article IV

47. The 1899 Malolos Congress was held in:

A) Manila

B) Malolos

C) Tarlac

D) Cavite