

Conservation Biology for Kids

Conservation Biology · Answer Key · 20 Questions

1. What do we call a place in nature where an animal lives, like a forest or a pond?

- A) A habitat**
- B) A grocery store
- C) A school
- D) A city

2. What does it mean when an animal becomes 'extinct'?

- A) It is hiding
- B) It is sleeping
- C) There are no more of them left on Earth**
- D) It has moved to a new home

3. Which of these is a way to help protect nature?

- A) Picking flowers
- B) Leaving trash on the ground
- C) Planting native trees**
- D) Chasing birds away

4. What is the main goal of conservation biology?

- A) To build more roads
- B) To keep animals and plants safe**
- C) To catch wild animals for pets
- D) To make more plastic toys

5. Why is it important to keep our oceans clean?

- A) So we can see the sand
- B) So fish and sea animals have a healthy home**
- C) So the water turns blue
- D) So we can build big boats

6. Which of these animals is considered endangered, meaning it needs our protection to survive?

- A) The common house fly
- B) The Giant Panda**
- C) The squirrel
- D) The pigeon

7. What do plants need to grow and help the environment?

A) Plastic

B) Sunlight and water

C) Candy

D) Oil

8. What do we call a protected area where wild animals can live safely?

A) A zoo

B) A mall

C) A national park

D) A parking lot

9. Which of these things can we recycle to save natural resources?

A) Food scraps

B) Paper

C) Rocks

D) Dirt

10. Bees are important to nature because they help plants grow by doing what?

A) Eating all the leaves

B) Carrying pollen between flowers

C) Digging holes in the ground

D) Building stone walls

11. What happens when a forest is cut down?

A) Animals lose their homes

B) The air gets cleaner

C) Trees grow faster

D) More rain falls

12. Which of these is a 'threat' to many sea animals?

A) Clean water

B) Plastic pollution

C) Sunshine

D) Seaweed

13. What is a 'endangered species'?

A) An animal that is very popular

B) An animal that is at risk of disappearing

C) An animal that is very fast

D) An animal that likes to play

14. Why do we protect coral reefs?

- A) They make the water salty
- B) They are home to many colorful fish**
- C) They are made of plastic
- D) They help boats float

15. Which of these is a good way to save energy at home?

- A) Leaving all the lights on
- B) Turning off lights when leaving a room**
- C) Keeping the TV on all night
- D) Leaving the fridge door open

16. What do pollinators like butterflies do for nature?

- A) They clean the river
- B) They help flowers make seeds**
- C) They eat all the bad bugs
- D) They keep the forest quiet

17. What is a 'natural resource'?

- A) Something made by machines
- B) Things found in nature like water and air**
- C) A plastic bottle
- D) A toy car

18. Why are earthworms helpful to the soil?

- A) They eat the flowers
- B) They make the soil healthy for plants**
- C) They make the ground hard
- D) They build tunnels for cars

19. Which of these actions helps save paper?

- A) Using both sides of a sheet of paper**
- B) Throwing away clean paper
- C) Printing thousands of pages
- D) Using only new paper every time

20. What is a 'wildlife corridor'?

- A) A path that allows animals to move safely between habitats**
- B) A cage at the zoo
- C) A road for trucks
- D) A place to buy bird food