

Advanced Historical and Clinical Psychiatry

Psychiatry · Practice Test · 8 Questions

1. In what year was the first edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-I) published by the American Psychiatric Association?

- A) 1948
- B) 1952
- C) 1955
- D) 1960

2. Which physician, often considered the father of modern scientific psychiatry, published his foundational 'Compendium der Psychiatrie' in 1883, classifying mental disorders into distinct categories?

- A) Emil Kraepelin
- B) Philippe Pinel
- C) Eugen Bleuler
- D) Jean-Martin Charcot

3. The term 'schizophrenia' was introduced by Swiss psychiatrist Eugen Bleuler in which year?

- A) 1905
- B) 1908
- C) 1911
- D) 1914

4. Lithium was first approved by the FDA for the treatment of manic episodes in bipolar disorder in what year?

- A) 1965
- B) 1970
- C) 1974
- D) 1978

5. According to the DSM-5, what is the minimum duration of continuous symptoms required for a diagnosis of Schizophrenia?

- A) 1 month
- B) 3 months
- C) 6 months
- D) 12 months

6. In 1927, which psychiatrist was awarded the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for the discovery of the therapeutic value of malaria inoculation in the treatment of dementia paralytica?

- A) Julius Wagner-Jauregg
- B) Sigmund Freud
- C) Hans Berger
- D) Ugo Cerletti

7. The 'Dopamine Hypothesis of Schizophrenia' gained significant prominence following the development and clinical application of chlorpromazine in which decade?

- A) 1930s
- B) 1940s
- C) 1950s
- D) 1960s

8. The first commercially successful antidepressant, Imipramine, was synthesized in 1951 by which chemist while working for the Geigy pharmaceutical company?

- A) Roland Kuhn
- B) Walter Schindler
- C) Heinz Lehmann
- D) Nathan Kline