

Interjections in English Grammar

Grammar And Sentence Structure · Answer Key · 10 Questions

1. What is the primary function of interjections?

- A) To connect clauses
- B) To express emotion or surprise**
- C) To modify nouns
- D) To show possession

2. How are interjections usually related grammatically to the main sentence?

- A) They are always dependent
- B) They are usually independent**
- C) They are always part of the subject
- D) They are always part of the verb

3. What punctuation mark is often used with interjections?

- A) Comma
- B) Period
- C) Exclamation point**
- D) Semicolon

4. Which of the following is an example of an interjection?

- A) Because
- B) Wow**
- C) Under
- D) But

5. When mild interjections are included within a sentence, how are they typically set off?

- A) By dashes
- B) By parentheses
- C) By commas**
- D) By quotation marks

6. What does the interjection 'Oh!' typically express?

- A) Anger
- B) Sadness
- C) Surprise or realization**
- D) Joy

7. In the sentence 'Well, it's about time you showed up,' what grammatical role does 'Well' play?

- A) Adverb
- B) Conjunction
- C) Interjection**
- D) Preposition

8. Interjections are words intended to express different levels of what?

- A) Time and place
- B) Quantity and number
- C) Emotion or surprise**
- D) Cause and effect

9. Are interjections always punctuated with an exclamation point?

- A) Yes, always
- B) No, sometimes they are set off by commas**
- C) No, they are always followed by a period
- D) No, they are never punctuated

10. Which of these is NOT an example of an interjection?

- A) My goodness!
- B) Alas
- C) Therefore**
- D) Ouch!