

# Global History Assessment

History · Practice Test · 20 Questions

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**1. Which ancient civilization developed the cuneiform writing system?**

- A) Sumerians
- B) Egyptians
- C) Phoenicians
- D) Indus Valley
- E) Hittites

**2. The Edict of Milan, issued in 313 AD, primarily accomplished which of the following?**

- A) Established a new Roman capital
- B) Ended the persecution of Christians
- C) Formally dissolved the Senate
- D) Declared war on the Goths

**3. Which explorer is credited with leading the first expedition to circumnavigate the globe?**

- A) Christopher Columbus
- B) Vasco da Gama
- C) Ferdinand Magellan
- D) Amerigo Vespucci

**4. What was the primary goal of the Boxer Rebellion in China?**

- A) To overthrow the Qing Dynasty
- B) To expel foreign influence and colonial presence
- C) To spread democratic ideals
- D) To promote industrialization

**5. The 'Reign of Terror' was a violent period occurring during which historical event?**

- A) The American Revolution
- B) The Russian Revolution
- C) The French Revolution
- D) The Meiji Restoration

**6. Which empire was led by Mansa Musa, known for his massive gold reserves?**

- A) Mali Empire
- B) Songhai Empire
- C) Ghana Empire
- D) Axum Empire

**7. The Treaty of Versailles (1919) officially ended hostilities in which conflict?**

- A) The Crimean War
- B) The Napoleonic Wars
- C) World War I
- D) World War II

**8. What was the 'Silk Road' primarily used for during the Classical and Post-Classical eras?**

- A) Diplomatic negotiations
- B) Trans-continental trade of luxury goods
- C) Migration of nomadic tribes
- D) Postal delivery system

**9. Which invention by Johannes Gutenberg significantly accelerated the spread of ideas during the Renaissance?**

- A) Steam engine
- B) Spinning jenny
- C) Movable type printing press
- D) Telescope

**10. In which city did the 1917 Bolshevik Revolution primarily take place?**

- A) Moscow
- B) St. Petersburg
- C) Kiev
- D) Warsaw

**11. The Aztec Empire was centered in which modern-day country?**

- A) Peru
- B) Mexico
- C) Guatemala
- D) Brazil

**12. What was the main purpose of the Berlin Conference of 1884-1885?**

- A) To end the slave trade
- B) To partition African territories among European powers
- C) To resolve borders after the Franco-Prussian War
- D) To promote European tourism

**13. Which document, signed in 1215, limited the power of the English monarch?**

- A) The Bill of Rights
- B) The Magna Carta
- C) The Petition of Right
- D) The Habeas Corpus Act

**14. The 'Great Schism' of 1054 resulted in the permanent split between which two branches of Christianity?**

- A) Roman Catholic and Eastern Orthodox
- B) Protestant and Catholic
- C) Anglican and Puritan
- D) Lutheran and Calvinist

**15. Which Enlightenment thinker advocated for the separation of powers in government?**

- A) John Locke
- B) Thomas Hobbes
- C) Baron de Montesquieu
- D) Jean-Jacques Rousseau

**16. The 'Meiji Restoration' in Japan marked the transition from feudalism to what?**

- A) A military dictatorship
- B) An industrial, modernized state
- C) A stateless society
- D) A communist regime

**17. Which city served as the capital of the Byzantine Empire?**

- A) Rome
- B) Constantinople
- C) Athens
- D) Alexandria

**18. The 'Triangular Trade' involved the exchange of goods and people across which ocean?**

- A) Indian Ocean
- B) Pacific Ocean
- C) Atlantic Ocean
- D) Arctic Ocean

**19. Which of the following was a primary cause of the Fall of the Western Roman Empire?**

- A) Economic prosperity
- B) Invasions by Germanic tribes
- C) The rapid rise of Islam
- D) A sudden drop in global temperature

**20. What is the historical significance of the Neolithic Revolution?**

- A) The discovery of iron tools
- B) The transition from hunting and gathering to agriculture
- C) The invention of the wheel
- D) The first written law code