

# Middle School Finance Fundamentals

Finance · Answer Key · 12 Questions

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**1. What is the term for money that a person earns from their job or business?**

- A) Expense
- B) Savings
- C) Income**
- D) Debt

**2. Which of the following is an example of a fixed expense, meaning it generally stays the same each month?**

- A) Groceries
- B) Entertainment tickets
- C) Rent or mortgage payment**
- D) New clothing

**3. When you decide to save a portion of your money instead of spending it immediately, what are you doing?**

- A) Investing
- B) Borrowing
- C) Budgeting
- D) Saving**

**4. What is a budget primarily used for?**

- A) To spend as much money as possible
- B) To track where money is coming from and going**
- C) To borrow money from others
- D) To make money grow automatically

**5. Which of these is an example of earning money through labour?**

- A) Receiving a birthday gift
- B) Winning a competition
- C) Doing chores for pocket money**
- D) Finding money on the street

**6. What does it mean to 'spend wisely'?**

- A) Buying the most expensive items
- B) Buying things you don't need
- C) Thinking carefully about purchases and their value**
- D) Spending all your money quickly

**7. When you buy something, what is that action called in financial terms?**

- A) Earning
- B) Saving
- C) Spending**
- D) Budgeting

**8. Which of the following is a variable expense, meaning it can change from month to month?**

- A) Car insurance premium
- B) Student loan repayment
- C) Electricity bill**
- D) Mobile phone plan

**9. What is the term for money that is owed to someone else?**

- A) Profit
- B) Savings
- C) Income
- D) Debt**

**10. A planned amount of money set aside for a specific purpose is called a:**

- A) Budget
- B) Expense
- C) Goal
- D) Fund**

**11. Which financial concept involves using money to potentially make more money over time?**

- A) Saving
- B) Spending
- C) Investing**
- D) Budgeting

**12. What is the difference between income and expenses called?**

- A) Interest
- B) Profit
- C) Loss
- D) Net income**