

Global Perspectives in Forensic Science

Forensic Science · Practice Test · 12 Questions

1. Which city hosted the first International Congress of Forensic Medicine in 1878, marking a pivotal moment in the global standardization of forensic protocols?

- A) Paris
- B) London
- C) Vienna
- D) Geneva

2. The 'Edmond Locard' exchange principle is fundamental to forensics; in which French city did Locard establish the world's first crime laboratory in 1910?

- A) Paris
- B) Lyon
- C) Marseille
- D) Bordeaux

3. The Fingerprint Bureau in Scotland Yard, the first of its kind in the United Kingdom, was established in which year following the adoption of the Henry Classification System?

- A) 1891
- B) 1901
- C) 1911
- D) 1921

4. Which nation was the first to mandate the use of the DNA profiling technique developed by Sir Alec Jeffreys for criminal identification in a 1987 legal case?

- A) United Kingdom
- B) United States
- C) Canada
- D) Australia

5. The first documented use of forensic entomology to solve a murder, as recorded in 'The Washing Away of Wrongs', originated from which historical region?

- A) Ancient Egypt
- B) Song Dynasty China
- C) Meiji Japan
- D) Mughal India

6. In 1932, the FBI established its first technical laboratory in which American city to centralize scientific crime detection?

- A) New York City
- B) Chicago
- C) Washington D.C.
- D) Los Angeles

7. The Australian Federal Police (AFP) established the National DNA Database (NDNAD) to facilitate inter-state forensic cooperation; in which decade was the centralized system formally integrated?

- A) 1970s
- B) 1980s
- C) 1990s
- D) 2000s

8. Which international organization, headquartered in Lyon, France, maintains the global 'DNA Gateway' to facilitate the exchange of forensic data between member nations?

- A) Europol
- B) Interpol
- C) UNODC
- D) ICC

9. The 'Kastle-Meyer' test for blood detection remains a global standard. What is the geographical origin of the scientists who first developed this phenolphthalein-based test?

- A) Germany
- B) Russia
- C) United States
- D) Japan

10. In the history of forensic toxicology, Mathieu Orfila, often cited as the 'father of toxicology', conducted his groundbreaking research while based in which European capital?

- A) Madrid
- B) Rome
- C) Paris
- D) Brussels

11. Which country passed the 'Criminal Justice and Public Order Act' in 1994, which was instrumental in creating the world's first national DNA database?

- A) United Kingdom
- B) Canada
- C) New Zealand
- D) Germany

12. The 'Bertillonage' system of anthropometry, once used globally for criminal identification, was primarily developed and implemented in which country before being replaced by fingerprinting?

- A) France
- B) Belgium
- C) Austria
- D) Italy