

Foundations of Philosophical Thought

Philosophy · Practice Test · 12 Questions

1. Who is considered the teacher of Plato?

- A) Aristotle
- B) Socrates
- C) Plato
- D) Heraclitus

2. What is the study of knowledge and how we know what we know called?

- A) Metaphysics
- B) Ethics
- C) Epistemology
- D) Logic

3. Which ancient philosopher founded the Lyceum in Athens?

- A) Plato
- B) Epicurus
- C) Aristotle
- D) Zeno

4. What does the term 'philosophy' literally translate to from Greek?

- A) Love of wisdom
- B) Study of nature
- C) Search for truth
- D) Logic of life

5. Which branch of philosophy deals with questions of right and wrong?

- A) Aesthetics
- B) Ethics
- C) Ontology
- D) Political Philosophy

6. What is a 'syllogism' in the study of logic?

- A) A type of question
- B) A structure of logical argument
- C) A historical document
- D) A moral theory

7. Who wrote 'The Republic', a work detailing an ideal society?

- A) Plato
- B) Aristotle
- C) Socrates
- D) Pythagoras

8. What is the primary focus of Aesthetics?

- A) The study of beauty and art
- B) The study of government
- C) The study of existence
- D) The study of valid reasoning

9. In which city did most of the influential Ancient Greek philosophers live and work?

- A) Sparta
- B) Athens
- C) Corinth
- D) Thebes

10. What term describes the branch of philosophy concerning the nature of existence or reality?

- A) Ethics
- B) Epistemology
- C) Metaphysics
- D) Logic

11. What is the main goal of deductive reasoning?

- A) To observe patterns
- B) To reach a certain conclusion from premises
- C) To guess future events
- D) To express personal opinions

12. Which philosopher is famous for the statement 'I think, therefore I am'?

- A) Immanuel Kant
- B) René Descartes
- C) John Locke
- D) Thomas Hobbes