

French Grammar: Adjectives, Determinants, and Prepositions

French Grammar · Practice Test · 23 Questions

1. What is the primary function of an adjective?

- A) To connect words
- B) To qualify or determine a noun
- C) To express action
- D) To modify an adjective

2. Which of the following is NOT a type of non-qualificative adjective?

- A) Possessive
- B) Demonstrative
- C) Exclamative
- D) Qualificative

3. In modern grammar, adjectives like possessives and demonstratives are often classified as:

- A) Verbs
- B) Adverbs
- C) Determinants
- D) Prepositions

4. Which type of adjective introduces a question?

- A) Possessive
- B) Demonstrative
- C) Interrogative
- D) Indefinite

5. What do cardinal numeral adjectives express?

- A) Order
- B) Quantity
- C) Possession
- D) Emotion

6. Which example illustrates a moral quality described by a qualificative adjective?

- A) Des cheveux crépus
- B) Une maison rapide
- C) Des Haitiens dignes
- D) Une voiture bleue

7. What is the function of an adverb when it accompanies an adjective?

- A) To replace the adjective
- B) To express a direct action
- C) To nuance the adjective
- D) To introduce a preposition

8. What is a determinant placed before a noun for?

- A) To indicate a verb
- B) To specify the noun
- C) To express emotion
- D) To create a new noun

9. Which of the following is a definite article?

- A) Un
- B) Une
- C) Des
- D) Le

10. Which category of determinants includes 'ce', 'cette', and 'ces'?

- A) Possessives
- B) Demonstratives
- C) Interrogatives
- D) Indefinite

11. What is the primary role of a preposition?

- A) To describe a noun
- B) To connect elements of a sentence and introduce a complement
- C) To express action
- D) To quantify a noun

12. Which type of preposition indicates a location or position?

- A) Prepositions of time
- B) Prepositions of manner
- C) Prepositions of place
- D) Prepositions of cause

13. Which example shows a preposition of time?

- A) Elle écrit avec un stylo.
- B) Elle viendra après le dîner.
- C) Le chat est sous la table.
- D) Il travaille pour réussir.

14. What does 'à cause de' express?

- A) Purpose
- B) Comparison
- C) Cause
- D) Location

15. The concordance des temps is a set of rules governing the harmonization of:

- A) Nouns and adjectives
- B) Verbs in a complex sentence
- C) Prepositions and determinants
- D) Adverbs and adverbs

16. What does 'simultanéité' mean in the context of concordance des temps?

- A) One action happening before another
- B) Two actions happening at the same time
- C) One action happening after another
- D) An action depending on another

17. To express 'antériorité au passé' (anteriority in the past), which tense is often used in the subordinate clause when the main verb is in the past?

- A) Présent
- B) Imparfait
- C) Plus-que-parfait
- D) Futur simple

18. Which example demonstrates 'postériorité au passé' (posteriority in the past)?

- A) Il disait qu'il partait demain.
- B) Elle croyait qu'il était malade.
- C) Il m'a dit qu'il avait déjà vu ce film.
- D) Elle pensait qu'il dormait.

19. What is the main characteristic of a prepositional phrase?

- A) It always contains a verb
- B) It is introduced by a preposition
- C) It modifies a noun
- D) It expresses a complete thought

20. Which of the following is a complex preposition (locution prépositive)?

- A) à
- B) de
- C) au-dessus de
- D) pour

21. What does the adjective 'rapide' describe in the context of adjectives?

- A) Color
- B) State
- C) Form
- D) Characteristic

22. Which phrase exemplifies an indefinite adjective?

- A) Mon livre
- B) Ce chien
- C) Quel courage
- D) Plusieurs personnes

23. What is the purpose of using 'le, la, les, l'?"

- A) To indicate possession
- B) To introduce a question
- C) As definite articles
- D) To express quantity