

Indian River Systems

Geography · Practice Test · 20 Questions

1. What is the origin of the Ganga River, according to the text?

- A) Lake Manasarovar
- B) Ghangoti glacier
- C) Arabian Sea
- D) Bay of Bengal

2. Where does the Ganga River join the Alaknanda?

- A) Devprayag
- B) Karachi
- C) Tibet
- D) Sundarbans

3. Which sea does the Ganga River flow into?

- A) Arabian Sea
- B) Bay of Bengal
- C) Indian Ocean
- D) Red Sea

4. What is the approximate length of the Ganga River System in km?

- A) AboOkm
- B) Qakm
- C) 1000km
- D) 2500km

5. Which of these is NOT listed as a tributary of the Ganga River System?

- A) Ghagha
- B) Kosi
- C) Yamuna
- D) Dibang

6. The Brahmaputra River originates from which lake?

- A) Lake Victoria
- B) Lake Superior
- C) Lake Manasarovar
- D) Dal Lake

7. The Brahmaputra River flows parallel to the Himalayas in which region?

- A) India
- B) Pakistan
- C) Tibet
- D) Bangladesh

8. Through which Indian state does the Brahmaputra enter India?

- A) Assam
- B) Arunachal Pradesh
- C) Meghalaya
- D) West Bengal

9. Which rivers join the Brahmaputra to form the Sundarbans Delta?

- A) Indus and Sutlej
- B) Ganga and Yamuna
- C) Ganga and Brahmaputra
- D) Chenab and Jhelum

10. The Sundarbans Delta is formed at the mouth of the rivers flowing into which bay?

- A) Arabian Sea
- B) Bay of Bengal
- C) Caspian Sea
- D) Mediterranean Sea

11. The text mentions the Brahmaputra River 'loads' something every rainy season. What is it?

- A) Water
- B) Sand
- C) Fish
- D) Boats

12. Which of these is a tributary of the Brahmaputra River, as mentioned in the text?

- A) Son River
- B) Re River
- C) Dibang River
- D) Alaknanda

13. The Ganga River System flows through which Indian states?

- A) Tibet, India, and Pakistan
- B) India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh
- C) Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand, West Bengal
- D) Tibet, India, and Bangladesh

14. The Brahmaputra River is also known as Yarlung Tsangpo in which region?

- A) India
- B) Bangladesh
- C) Tibet
- D) Pakistan

15. The text mentions 'large meanders' in relation to which river?

- A) Ganga River
- B) Brahmaputra River
- C) Yamuna River
- D) Kosi River

16. Which river system is described as 'largest' in the text, referring to its delta?

- A) Indus River System
- B) Ganga River System
- C) Brahmaputra River System
- D) Godavari River System

17. The Ganga River flows into the Arabian Sea east of which city?

- A) Delhi
- B) Kolkata
- C) Karachi
- D) Mumbai

18. The Brahmaputra River enters Bangladesh after flowing through which country?

- A) Nepal
- B) Bhutan
- C) India
- D) Myanmar

19. The 'Sundarban Delta' is a major feature formed by the confluence of which rivers?

- A) Indus and Jhelum
- B) Ganga and Yamuna
- C) Ganga and Brahmaputra
- D) Sutlej and Ravi

20. The Ganga River is called 'Bhagirathi' at its origin before joining the Alaknanda.

True or False?

- A) True
- B) False