

Global Milestones in Neuroscience

Neuroscience · Answer Key · 20 Questions

1. Which city served as the location for the first international meeting of the 'Brain Research Organization' (IBRO) in 1960?

- A) Paris**
- B) London
- C) Tokyo
- D) New York

2. The 'Blue Brain Project', a pioneering digital brain reconstruction initiative, is headquartered at which Swiss institution?

- A) ETH Zurich
- B) EPFL Lausanne**
- C) University of Basel
- D) University of Geneva

3. In which city is the 'Montreal Neurological Institute', founded by Wilder Penfield in 1934, located?

- A) Toronto
- B) Vancouver
- C) Ottawa
- D) Montreal**

4. The discovery of the 'grid cell' in the entorhinal cortex, which earned the 2014 Nobel Prize, took place at which Norwegian university?

- A) University of Oslo
- B) Norwegian University of Science and Technology**
- C) University of Bergen
- D) University of Tromsø

5. The 'Allen Institute for Brain Science', known for its comprehensive brain atlases, is located in which U.S. city?

- A) Boston
- B) San Francisco
- C) Seattle**
- D) San Diego

6. The 'Cajal Institute', named after the 'father of modern neuroscience', is located in which European capital?

- A) Lisbon
- B) Madrid**
- C) Rome
- D) Vienna

7. The 'RIKEN Center for Brain Science', a major hub for neurobiological research, is located in which Japanese prefecture?

- A) Tokyo
- B) Saitama**
- C) Osaka
- D) Kyoto

8. Which Australian city hosts the 'Florey Institute of Neuroscience and Mental Health', one of the largest brain research centres in the southern hemisphere?

- A) Sydney
- B) Melbourne**
- C) Brisbane
- D) Perth

9. The 'Max Planck Institute for Brain Research' is primarily located in which German city?

- A) Berlin
- B) Munich
- C) Frankfurt**
- D) Heidelberg

10. Sir John Eccles, who shared the 1963 Nobel Prize for his work on the synapse, conducted much of his seminal research at the Australian National University in which city?

- A) Canberra**
- B) Adelaide
- C) Hobart
- D) Darwin

11. The 'Karolinska Institutet', which awards the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine, is located in which city?

- A) Oslo
- B) Stockholm**
- C) Copenhagen
- D) Helsinki

12. Which city is home to the 'Neurosciences Research Program', which played a key role in the formation of the field in the 1960s, founded at MIT?

- A) Boston
- B) Cambridge**
- C) New Haven
- D) Providence

13. The 'FENS' (Federation of European Neuroscience Societies) Forum, the largest neuroscience meeting in Europe, was first held in 1998 in which city?

- A) Berlin**
- B) Paris
- C) London
- D) Amsterdam

14. The 'Swartz Center for Computational Neuroscience' is a facility affiliated with which university in California?

- A) UC Berkeley
- B) Stanford University
- C) UC San Diego**
- D) UCLA

15. The 'Beijing Institute of Genomics', involved in large-scale brain mapping projects, is located in which Chinese district?

- A) Haidian**
- B) Chaoyang
- C) Pudong
- D) Futian

16. The 'Brain Prize', often considered the 'Nobel of Neuroscience', is administered by the Lundbeck Foundation based in which country?

- A) Sweden
- B) Norway
- C) Denmark**
- D) Finland

17. The Pavlov Institute of Physiology, where Nobel laureate Ivan Pavlov conducted his famous conditioning studies, is located in which city?

- A) Moscow
- B) Saint Petersburg**
- C) Kazan
- D) Novosibirsk

18. The 'Brain Mapping Foundation' hosts its annual conference, which has historically focused on global neuroinformatics, often held in which U.S. city known for its medical research?

- A) Houston
- B) Baltimore**
- C) Cleveland
- D) Rochester

19. Which Italian city is home to the 'Scuola Internazionale Superiore di Studi Avanzati' (SISSA), a major center for cognitive neuroscience?

- A) Milan
- B) Trieste**
- C) Bologna
- D) Pisa

20. The 'Human Brain Project' flagship initiative received significant funding coordination from the European Commission, which is headquartered in which city?

- A) Brussels**
- B) Luxembourg City
- C) Strasbourg
- D) Frankfurt