

Mythological Nature and Animals

Mythology · Answer Key · 20 Questions

1. In Greek mythology, which animal is often depicted as a messenger of the gods and is associated with wisdom?

- A) Lion
- B) Eagle
- C) Owl**
- D) Dolphin

2. According to Norse mythology, what celestial body did the wolf Sköll chase across the sky?

- A) Moon
- B) Stars
- C) Sun**
- D) Comet

3. In Egyptian mythology, the god Ra, often depicted with the head of which animal, was the god of the sun?

- A) Jackal
- B) Hawk**
- C) Crocodile
- D) Cat

4. Which legendary creature, often described as a horse with a single horn, is said to have healing powers in European folklore?

- A) Griffin
- B) Centaur
- C) Dragon
- D) Unicorn**

5. In Japanese mythology, the Kitsune is a mythical creature often depicted as what animal, known for its intelligence and magical abilities?

- A) Fox**
- B) Bear
- C) Snake
- D) Crane

6. According to Hindu mythology, the elephant-headed god Ganesha is the god of beginnings and is often associated with which natural element?

- A) Wind
- B) Water
- C) Earth**
- D) Fire

7. In Roman mythology, the she-wolf is famously associated with the founders of Rome, Romulus and Remus. What kind of animal is a wolf?

- A) Bird of prey
- B) Canine**
- C) Feline
- D) Reptile

8. What natural phenomenon is often attributed to the wrath or sorrow of gods in many mythologies, including Greek and Norse?

- A) Rainbows
- B) Earthquakes**
- C) Auroras
- D) Volcanic eruptions

9. In Celtic mythology, the swan is often associated with what concept?

- A) War
- B) Love and beauty**
- C) Trickery
- D) Death

10. Which ancient Mesopotamian civilization revered the bull as a symbol of strength and fertility, often appearing in their art and mythology?

- A) Egyptian
- B) Greek
- C) Sumerian**
- D) Roman

11. In many indigenous North American mythologies, the raven is often depicted as a trickster figure and a creator. What kind of bird is a raven?

- A) Small songbird
- B) Waterfowl
- C) Corvid**
- D) Parrot

12. According to Greek mythology, what plant was associated with the goddess Persephone and the underworld, signifying death and rebirth?

- A) Rose
- B) Pomegranate**
- C) Lily
- D) Sunflower

13. In Aboriginal Australian mythology, the Rainbow Serpent is a powerful creator deity often associated with what element?

- A) Fire
- B) Wind
- C) Water**
- D) Earth

14. The mythical Phoenix, found in various cultures, is known for being reborn from its own ashes. What kind of creature is it often depicted as?

- A) Serpent
- B) Bird**
- C) Mammal
- D) Insect

15. In Norse mythology, the ash tree Yggdrasil connects the different worlds. What type of tree is an ash?

- A) Coniferous
- B) Deciduous**
- C) Palm
- D) Bonsai

16. Which animal, often associated with the sea and storms, features prominently in maritime mythologies, such as the Kraken?

- A) Shark
- B) Octopus**
- C) Jellyfish
- D) Seahorse

17. In Greek mythology, the Muses, goddesses of inspiration, were often associated with natural settings like springs and mountains. What does 'spring' refer to in this context?

- A) A season
- B) A source of water**
- C) A type of metal
- D) A type of flower

18. The white horse is a frequent symbol of purity and divinity in many mythologies.

What is a horse classified as?

- A) Bird
- B) Reptile
- C) Mammal**
- D) Amphibian

19. In Aztec mythology, Quetzalcoatl, a major deity, is often depicted as a feathered serpent. What is a serpent?

- A) A type of bird
- B) A type of fish
- C) A type of reptile**
- D) A type of insect

20. According to Greek mythology, the god of the sea, Poseidon, wields a trident and is associated with which natural force?

- A) Wind
- B) Earthquakes and storms**
- C) Fire
- D) Volcanoes