

BRICS Digital Frontier: AI Ethics, CBDCs, and Cybersecurity Showdowns in 2024

BRICS Digital Culture · Practice Test · 8 Questions

1. Which BRICS nation is set to host the BRICS Summit in July 2025, focusing on AI governance and digital innovation with its Operations Centre serving as a leading example of data integration?

- A) India
- B) China
- C) Brazil
- D) Russia

2. What is the primary goal of the BRICS AI Ethical Charter, proposed by South Africa and Egypt in 2024?

- A) To establish shared principles of fairness, transparency, and public accountability for AI development.
- B) To create a unified AI research and development fund across BRICS nations.
- C) To develop AI-powered defense systems for member states.
- D) To mandate the use of Western AI frameworks within BRICS countries.

3. As of mid-2025, which BRICS nations are highlighted as leaders in integrating digital currency practices into their legal frameworks, achieving significant milestones in CBDC development?

- A) South Africa, Egypt, and the UAE
- B) China, Brazil, India, and Russia
- C) Indonesia, Iran, and Ethiopia
- D) All BRICS members equally

4. What is the stated aim of the BRICS Pay System and the proposed independent financial infrastructure like BRICS Clear?

- A) To exclusively facilitate trade in US dollars within BRICS nations.
- B) To create a secure, cost-effective, and regionally integrated system for global digital trade, potentially bypassing traditional financial networks.
- C) To primarily support cross-border e-commerce only for large corporations.
- D) To replace all existing national banking systems with a single BRICS currency.

5. What critical priority has been identified by BRICS countries in their 'Digital Ethiopia 2030' strategy and Egypt's national strategy (2023-2027) within the context of cybersecurity?

- A) Developing resilient critical digital infrastructure and establishing cyber incident response centers.
- B) Reducing internet penetration rates to minimize cyber threats.
- C) Solely focusing on consumer data privacy regulations.
- D) Limiting technological advancements to prevent potential cyber risks.

6. According to a study by Yakov and Partners, what is the projected realized economic potential of generative AI across BRICS nations by 2030, and where is the majority of this impact expected to be concentrated?

- A) \$200 billion, primarily in retail and healthcare.
- B) \$600 billion, concentrated in finance, retail, mechanical engineering, energy, electronics, and IT.
- C) \$400 billion, mainly in agriculture and education.
- D) \$1 trillion, spread equally across all sectors.

7. What significant development was noted regarding the BRICS+ countries' share in global GDP (purchasing power parity) by the end of 2024?

- A) It reached 30%, surpassing the G7's share.
- B) It reached 41%, surpassing the G7's share of 30%.
- C) It remained below 20%, significantly trailing the G7.
- D) It equaled the G7's share at 35%.

8. What is a key concern and area of focus for BRICS nations regarding the use of Artificial Intelligence and Social Media by terrorist groups?

- A) Encouraging the use of AI for more sophisticated terrorist communication.
- B) Developing global platforms for terrorist propaganda.
- C) Raising concerns about the use of AI and social media for their activities.
- D) Ignoring the threat posed by AI and social media to national security.