

# Indian Rivers and Drainage Basins

Geography · Answer Key · 20 Questions

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**1. What is an elevated area that separates two drainage basins called?**

- A) Floodplain
- B) Watershed**
- C) Delta
- D) Meander

**2. The Indian rivers are broadly divided into two main groups. What are they?**

- A) Coastal and Inland Rivers
- B) North and South Flowing Rivers
- C) Himalayan and Peninsular Rivers**
- D) Major and Minor Rivers

**3. Which group of rivers originates from the high mountains of the Himalayas?**

- A) Peninsular Rivers
- B) Himalayan Rivers**
- C) Western Flowing Rivers
- D) Eastern Flowing Rivers

**4. Peninsular rivers are generally characterized by:**

- A) Large catchment areas and deep valleys
- B) Being perennial and having gentle slopes
- C) Small basins and lower catchment areas**
- D) Forming large deltas at their mouth

**5. Which river originates near Lake Mansarovar in Tibet and enters India in Ladakh?**

- A) Ganges
- B) Brahmaputra
- C) Indus**
- D) Godavari

**6. The Indus Water Treaty (1960) allows India to use what percentage of the Indus river system's water?**

- A) 10%
- B) 20%
- C) 80%
- D) 90%**

7. The headwaters of the Ganges are known as:

- A) Alaknanda
- B) Bhagirathi**
- C) Yamuna
- D) Kosi

8. Which river joins the Ganges at Allahabad?

- A) Yamuna**
- B) Ghaghara
- C) Kosi
- D) Son

9. The delta formed when the Ganges and Brahmaputra flow into the Bay of Bengal is known as the:

- A) Sundarbans**
- B) Mahanadi Delta
- C) Krishna Delta
- D) Godavari Delta

10. The Brahmaputra river is called \_\_\_\_\_ in India.

- A) Dihang**
- B) Dibang
- C) Lohit
- D) Manas

11. The Narmada river flows through a valley formed due to:

- A) Erosion
- B) Deposition
- C) Faulting**
- D) Volcanic activity

12. Which of these is a west-flowing river on the Peninsula?

- A) Godavari
- B) Mahanadi
- C) Tapi**
- D) Krishna

13. Which is the largest Peninsular river?

- A) Mahanadi
- B) Krishna
- C) Godavari**
- D) Kaveri

14. The river Mahanadi originates in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Maharashtra
- B) Odisha
- C) Chhattisgarh**
- D) Jharkhand

15. The Krishna river originates near which hill station?

- A) Mahabaleshwar**
- B) Pachmarhi
- C) Ooty
- D) Shimla

16. The Kaveri river originates in the:

- A) Aravalli Range
- B) Western Ghats**
- C) Eastern Ghats
- D) Vindhya Range

17. What are the main tributaries of the Kaveri river?

- A) Yamuna, Ghaghara, Kosi
- B) Bhavani, Hemavati, Kabini**
- C) Pranhita, Wardha, Penganga
- D) Bhima, Ghatprabha, Koyna

18. Rivers are important for developing what kind of power?

- A) Solar Power
- B) Wind Power
- C) Hydel Power**
- D) Geothermal Power

19. Rivers have played a fundamental importance throughout human history in:

- A) Developing technology
- B) Attracting settlements**
- C) Exploring space
- D) Creating artificial lakes

20. Which of the following is NOT a role of rivers?

- A) Irrigation
- B) Navigation
- C) Moderating climate
- D) Generating solar power**