

# July 2026 Global Health Focus: Hepatitis, Population, NTDs, and Africa's Health

Global Health · Practice Test · 12 Questions

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**1. Which international day, observed annually on July 11th, focuses on raising awareness about population issues, including family planning, gender equality, and poverty, with a particular emphasis on its impact on development and resource management in regions like Sub-Saharan Africa?**

- A) World Health Day
- B) World Population Day
- C) International Day of Peace
- D) World Environment Day

**2. World Hepatitis Day is observed on July 28th each year to increase awareness and understanding of viral hepatitis. What is a key objective for this day, especially in the context of Sub-Saharan Africa's health goals?**

- A) To promote exclusively Western medicine treatments
- B) To increase hepatitis B vaccine coverage and integrate it into national immunization programs
- C) To focus solely on urban populations
- D) To reduce the number of healthcare professionals in the region

**3. In July 2026, the global health community will observe World Population Day. Which of the following initiatives, emphasized in Sub-Saharan Africa, aims to achieve sustainable development by addressing population growth through education and gender equality?**

- A) The African Union's Agenda 2063
- B) The World Trade Organization's trade policies
- C) The International Monetary Fund's fiscal reforms
- D) The Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization's vaccination drives

**4. Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) are a significant concern in Sub-Saharan Africa. World NTD Day is observed on January 30th, but the ongoing focus in 2026 will address these diseases. What is a primary characteristic of NTDs and their impact on vulnerable populations in Africa?**

- A) They primarily affect wealthy, urban populations
- B) They are easily preventable with advanced technology alone
- C) They are linked to inequalities in access to clean water, sanitation, and basic health services
- D) They are rapidly declining worldwide due to widespread immunity

**5. The Seventy-sixth session of the WHO Regional Committee for Africa is scheduled for August 2026 in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia. While this is in late August, it follows a month of significant health discussions. What is a primary purpose of this annual committee meeting?**

- A) To determine the continent's new fashion trends
- B) To endorse regional health policies, strategies, and plans
- C) To organize continental sporting events
- D) To approve space exploration initiatives

**6. World Hepatitis Day, observed on July 28th, aims to enhance global efforts against viral hepatitis. Which Nobel Prize-winning scientist's birthday is commemorated on this day, who discovered the Hepatitis B virus (HBV)?**

- A) Dr. Jonas Salk
- B) Dr. Baruch Blumberg
- C) Dr. Alexander Fleming
- D) Dr. Marie Curie

**7. World Population Day on July 11th highlights the relationship between population growth and sustainable development. In Sub-Saharan Africa, initiatives under which framework emphasize education and gender equality to influence population dynamics?**

- A) The New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD)
- B) The African Union's Agenda 2063
- C) The Southern African Development Community (SADC) Protocol
- D) The Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) Vision

**8. Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) disproportionately affect the poorest and most marginalized communities in Africa. Which of the following is a common characteristic of NTDs regarding their impact on affected populations?**

- A) They lead to increased economic productivity and social mobility
- B) They are primarily caused by lifestyle choices and poor diet
- C) They perpetuate cycles of poverty, disability, and stigma
- D) They are easily treated with over-the-counter medications

**9. World Hepatitis Day on July 28th seeks to accelerate efforts towards eliminating viral hepatitis. A critical gap identified in achieving global elimination goals by 2030 is related to:**

- A) High coverage of testing and treatment
- B) Low coverage of testing and treatment
- C) Excessive funding for research
- D) Widespread availability of diagnostic tools

**10. The African Union's Agenda 2063, which emphasizes inclusive growth and sustainable development, sets goals for healthy and well-nourished citizens. Which institution within the AU is the lead agency for strengthening public health capacities and responding to disease outbreaks?**

- A) The African Peer Review Mechanism (APRM)
- B) The African Court on Human and Peoples' Rights
- C) The Africa Centres for Disease Control and Prevention (Africa CDC)
- D) The Pan African Parliament

**11. World Population Day, celebrated on July 11th, addresses the complex interplay between population trends and sustainable development. For low-income areas, a rapidly growing population can exacerbate challenges such as:**

- A) Reduced access to education and healthcare
- B) Increased availability of natural resources
- C) Greater economic equality
- D) Decreased environmental strain

**12. The WHO Regional Committee for Africa convenes annually to discuss regional health priorities. The Seventy-sixth session in August 2026 will be held in which capital city?**

- A) Nairobi, Kenya
- B) Accra, Ghana
- C) Addis Ababa, Ethiopia
- D) Pretoria, South Africa