

Canada's 2026 Digital Policy Landscape: Social Media Age Limits, AI Governance

Digital Policy · Practice Test · 6 Questions

1. In April 2026, what minimum age did members of Canada's Liberal Party vote in favour of setting for creating social media accounts, a policy similar to one adopted by Australia?

- A) 13 years old
- B) 14 years old
- C) 16 years old
- D) 18 years old

2. Which major tech company, in response to Canada's Online News Act (Bill C-18), removed news content from its platforms in Canada, leading to ongoing government discussions in early 2026?

- A) Google
- B) Meta (Facebook/Instagram)
- C) X (formerly Twitter)
- D) Snapchat

3. What annual financial commitment did Google make to Canadian news organizations in late 2023/early 2025 to avoid certain requirements under the Online News Act?

- A) C\$50 million
- B) C\$75 million
- C) C\$100 million
- D) C\$125 million

4. Who was appointed as Canada's first Minister responsible for Artificial Intelligence and Digital Innovation in May 2025?

- A) Mélanie Joly
- B) François-Philippe Champagne
- C) Evan Solomon
- D) Marc Miller

5. In its May 2026 ruling, the CRTC established an *additional* expenditure requirement for streaming services with C\$25 million or more in Canadian revenue under the Online Streaming Act (Bill C-11). What was this additional percentage?

- A) 2%
- B) 5%
- C) 10%
- D) 15%

6. Under reform legislation moving through Canadian Parliament in 2026 to modernize federal privacy laws, what is the maximum potential fine for a privacy misstep, stated as the greater of a specific monetary value or a percentage of gross global revenue?

- A) C\$10 million or 2% of gross global revenue
- B) C\$15 million or 3% of gross global revenue
- C) C\$25 million or 5% of gross global revenue
- D) C\$50 million or 7% of gross global revenue