

Oceania's 2026-2027 Holiday Economic Shifts: Fuel Costs, Tourism Fees & Climate

Economy, Tourism · Practice Test · 5 Questions

1. Which economic sector is most vulnerable in Pacific Island nations like Fiji and Samoa during global disruptions and holiday seasons, due to its significant contribution to their GDP?

- A) Agriculture
- B) Manufacturing
- C) Tourism
- D) Fisheries

2. Samoa implemented a new significant departure fee starting March 1, 2026. What primary economic impact is this expected to have on its tourism?

- A) Increase in luxury tourism bookings
- B) Reduction in overall visitor numbers, especially families
- C) Boost in local handicraft sales
- D) Decrease in domestic travel

3. Rising global jet fuel prices and geopolitical tensions have directly led to what economic challenge for Fiji's tourism sector in the lead-up to the 2026-2027 holiday seasons?

- A) An increase in luxury resort development
- B) Disruptions to international flight routes and higher operating costs for airlines
- C) A decrease in demand for local agricultural products
- D) A surge in cruise ship arrivals

4. Public holidays in Australia and New Zealand, such as Christmas and Easter, commonly lead to which economic activity for local businesses?

- A) A decrease in retail sales due to widespread closures
- B) An increase in domestic tourism and consumer spending
- C) A significant decline in international trade activity
- D) A shift of labor to agricultural sectors

5. Climate change-induced events, such as stronger cyclones and rising sea levels, pose a significant threat to which aspect of Pacific Island economies, particularly impacting holiday travel?

- A) Financial services stability
- B) Agricultural export quotas
- C) Tourism infrastructure and natural attractions
- D) Technological innovation