

South America's Shifting Sands: Elections, Economy, and Culture in Focus

South America · Practice Test · 12 Questions

1. In 2024, which South American nation is implementing significant economic reforms under President Javier Milei, aimed at tackling high inflation?

- A) Brazil
- B) Argentina
- C) Chile
- D) Colombia

2. Which technological trend is expected to see a considerable boom in Latin America in 2024, expanding beyond games and entertainment into sectors like medicine and manufacturing?

- A) Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- B) Low-Code/No-Code Development
- C) Extended Reality (XR)
- D) Cloud Computing

3. Brazil's environmental policy focus in 2023 saw a significant drop in primary forest loss. What was the approximate percentage decrease compared to 2022?

- A) 15%
- B) 25%
- C) 36%
- D) 50%

4. In November 2023, Ecuador's Supreme Court made a historic ruling affirming the Siekopai Nation's claim to which ancestral land, marking the first time the government granted a land title within a protected area?

- A) Yasuní
- B) Pë'këya
- C) Napo River Basin
- D) Llanganates

5. What significant shift in consumer behavior is observed in Latin America's grocery retail sector, with e-commerce, convenience stores, and discounters showing the most growth in the first half of 2024?

- A) Consumers are making larger, less frequent purchases.
- B) Consumers are diversifying their shopping channels.
- C) Consumers are exclusively shopping at traditional supermarkets.
- D) Consumers are reducing their reliance on digital payment methods.

6. In 2024, Latin America's economic outlook is characterized by moderate growth. Which of the following is a significant challenge that countries in the region may encounter?

- A) A rapid decrease in inflation
- B) Strong export growth across all sectors
- C) Keeping inflation and public debt under control
- D) Increased foreign direct investment in all industries

7. The 'Marco Temporal' thesis, which has returned to Brazil's Supreme Court for reconsideration, is primarily an argument against the rights of Indigenous peoples concerning what?

- A) Access to healthcare
- B) Recognition of traditionally occupied lands
- C) Participation in political elections
- D) Cultural preservation of languages

8. Which South American country is a leader in the energy transition, generating 35% of its energy from solar and wind and aiming for 70% renewable energy consumption by 2050?

- A) Brazil
- B) Colombia
- C) Chile
- D) Peru

9. In 2024, Mexico is set to hold a historic presidential election. What is a notable characteristic of this election?

- A) It will be the first election with universal suffrage.
- B) Two women are the main contenders for the presidency.
- C) The incumbent president is eligible for re-election.
- D) It will be the first election conducted entirely online.

10. The 'TikTok Economy' trend is gaining momentum in Latin America. What does this trend highlight regarding consumer behavior on the platform?

- A) TikTok is primarily used for news consumption.
- B) Organic content on TikTok has the power to shape consumption patterns.
- C) TikTok is exclusively used for educational purposes.
- D) Brands on TikTok focus solely on political advertising.

11. Which event in Brazil in January 2024 involved thousands of supporters of former President Jair Bolsonaro storming government buildings?

- A) A presidential inauguration
- B) A national workers' strike
- C) An armed insurrection
- D) A cultural festival

12. What is a primary driver for the growing adoption of energy storage systems in Latin America, particularly in countries like Chile?

- A) Decreasing demand for renewable energy
- B) Grid constraints, curtailment, and stability needs
- C) An oversupply of fossil fuels
- D) The decline of solar and wind power generation