

# Global Health Watch: COVID-19 Emergency Ends, Malaria Vaccine Milestones

Global Health · Practice Test · 8 Questions

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**1. On what date did the World Health Organization (WHO) officially declare an end to the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency of International Concern?**

- A) May 5, 2023
- B) January 30, 2020
- C) March 11, 2020
- D) May 11, 2023

**2. Which three African countries were among the first to receive the malaria vaccine through the Malaria Vaccine Implementation Programme starting in 2019?**

- A) Nigeria, Uganda, and Mozambique
- B) Ghana, Kenya, and Malawi
- C) South Africa, Senegal, and Egypt
- D) Ethiopia, Tanzania, and Sudan

**3. The EU's new Global Health Resilience Initiative aims to mobilize up to how much in investments to strengthen health systems and local production of medical supplies?**

- A) EUR50 billion
- B) EUR100 billion
- C) EUR300 billion
- D) EUR500 billion

**4. As of early 2026, approximately how many African countries have introduced malaria vaccines into their routine immunization programs with the support of Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance?**

- A) 10
- B) 15
- C) 25
- D) 30

**5. Which of the following is NOT listed as a key priority area for the EU's Global Health Resilience Initiative?**

- A) Upgrading detection capabilities and implementing a 'One Health' approach
- B) Fostering private investments and EU interests
- C) Reducing national defense budgets
- D) Supporting resilient and country-led health systems

**6. The Malaria Vaccine Implementation Programme (MVIP) provided an opportunity to evaluate the feasibility, safety, and impact of the malaria vaccine in which type of settings?**

- A) Laboratory settings only
- B) Real-life childhood vaccination settings
- C) Military training exercises
- D) Academic research institutions

**7. When the WHO declared an end to the COVID-19 emergency, it stressed that this meant the disease was no longer a global threat. True or False?**

- A) True
- B) False

**8. The EU's Global Health Resilience Initiative leverages the EU's external action tool, the Global Gateway, to mobilize investments. What is the primary strategy used to de-risk and incentivize private sector involvement?**

- A) Direct grants to NGOs
- B) Blended finance (loans and guarantees)
- C) Tax exemptions for all corporations
- D) Mandatory public healthcare funding