

Pioneering Milestones in Political Science

Political Science · Practice Test · 10 Questions

1. Which ancient Greek philosopher is widely regarded as the 'father of political science' for his empirical study of city-state constitutions?

- A) Socrates
- B) Plato
- C) Aristotle
- D) Thucydides

2. What is the name of the 1215 document that first established the principle that the monarch is not above the law?

- A) The Bill of Rights
- B) Magna Carta
- C) The Petition of Right
- D) The Code of Hammurabi

3. In which country did the world's first modern written constitution, which came into effect in 1789, originate?

- A) France
- B) United Kingdom
- C) United States
- D) Poland

4. The term 'political science' was first used in its modern sense in the 19th century. Which institution founded the first school dedicated specifically to this discipline in 1872?

- A) Sciences Po (Paris)
- B) London School of Economics
- C) Harvard University
- D) University of Oxford

5. Which country was the first in the world to grant women the right to vote in national parliamentary elections in 1893?

- A) Norway
- B) New Zealand
- C) Finland
- D) Australia

6. The 'Social Contract' is a foundational political concept. Which Enlightenment philosopher first popularized this term in his 1762 book of the same name?

- A) Thomas Hobbes
- B) John Locke
- C) Jean-Jacques Rousseau
- D) Baron de Montesquieu

7. What is considered the earliest known written legal code, established by a Babylonian king around 1754 BC?

- A) The Twelve Tables
- B) The Magna Carta
- C) The Code of Hammurabi
- D) The Justinian Code

8. Which nation established the first modern 'Ombudsman' office in 1809 to investigate citizen complaints against government officials?

- A) Sweden
- B) Denmark
- C) Switzerland
- D) Netherlands

9. The concept of 'separation of powers' was formalized by which French philosopher in his work 'The Spirit of the Laws'?

- A) Voltaire
- B) Denis Diderot
- C) Baron de Montesquieu
- D) Jean-Paul Sartre

10. What was the first international organization created after World War I to promote global peace and cooperation?

- A) The United Nations
- B) The League of Nations
- C) The International Court of Justice
- D) The Hague Convention