

Foundational Theology Facts

Theology · Practice Test · 20 Questions

1. What is the central tenet of monotheism?

- A) Belief in multiple gods
- B) Belief in a single, all-powerful God
- C) Belief in no gods
- D) Belief in gods that represent natural forces

2. Which of the following is NOT considered a major world religion?

- A) Christianity
- B) Islam
- C) Judaism
- D) Atheism

3. What is the name of the holy book in Islam?

- A) The Bible
- B) The Torah
- C) The Quran
- D) The Vedas

4. In Christianity, who is considered the Son of God?

- A) Moses
- B) Muhammad
- C) Jesus Christ
- D) Abraham

5. What is the primary sacred text of Judaism?

- A) The New Testament
- B) The Torah
- C) The Bhagavad Gita
- D) The Hadith

6. The concept of Nirvana is central to which religion?

- A) Hinduism
- B) Buddhism
- C) Sikhism
- D) Shinto

7. What is the term for the divine or supernatural substance or power that is the ultimate reality or creator in many religions?

- A) Philosophy
- B) Mythology
- C) Theology
- D) Deity

8. Which of these terms refers to the study of God or gods?

- A) Anthropology
- B) Sociology
- C) Psychology
- D) Theology

9. In Hinduism, what is the cycle of birth, death, and rebirth called?

- A) Karma
- B) Moksha
- C) Samsara
- D) Dharma

10. Who is considered the founder of Buddhism?

- A) Siddhartha Gautama
- B) Confucius
- C) Lao Tzu
- D) Guru Nanak

11. What is the term for a belief system that acknowledges the existence of spirits in the natural world?

- A) Atheism
- B) Monotheism
- C) Animism
- D) Deism

12. In Islam, what is the pilgrimage to Mecca called?

- A) Salat
- B) Zakat
- C) Sawm
- D) Hajj

13. The Ten Commandments are a foundational set of laws in which religion?

- A) Christianity
- B) Islam
- C) Judaism
- D) Buddhism

14. What is the belief in God or gods without strict adherence to a particular organized religion called?

- A) Agnosticism
- B) Theism
- C) Pantheism
- D) Atheism

15. Which of these is considered a fundamental concept in Sikhism, referring to divine intervention and grace?

- A) Moksha
- B) Nirvana
- C) Kirpa
- D) Samsara

16. What is the primary religious text of Zoroastrianism?

- A) The Avesta
- B) The Gathas
- C) The Zend-Avesta
- D) The Vedas

17. What is the concept of divine omniscience?

- A) God is all-powerful
- B) God knows everything
- C) God is everywhere
- D) God is eternal

18. Which of the following best describes the concept of 'atonement' in Christian theology?

- A) The act of worshipping God
- B) The reconciliation of humanity and God
- C) The practice of fasting
- D) The study of religious texts

19. In Judaism, what is the period of mourning for a deceased family member called?

- A) Shiva
- B) Bar Mitzvah
- C) Yom Kippur
- D) Passover

20. What is the term for a divine revelation or inspiration?

- A) Doubt
- B) Faith
- C) Prophecy
- D) Ritual