

# Global Veterinary Science Facts

Veterinary Science · Answer Key · 12 Questions

---

**1. Which continent is home to the most diverse range of native ungulate species, making it a significant area for veterinary study related to wildlife diseases?**

- A) North America
- B) Australia
- C) Africa**
- D) South America

**2. The highest prevalence of Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE), commonly known as 'mad cow disease', was historically observed in which European country?**

- A) France
- B) Germany
- C) United Kingdom**
- D) Spain

**3. Which South American country is recognized for its extensive efforts in eradicating foot-and-mouth disease in cattle, a major concern for international livestock trade?**

- A) Brazil**
- B) Argentina
- C) Peru
- D) Chile

**4. The development of the first successful rabies vaccine for animals is widely attributed to a research effort primarily led in which European city?**

- A) Berlin
- B) Rome
- C) Paris**
- D) London

**5. Which Asian country is a major global hub for the production and export of poultry, presenting unique challenges and opportunities for avian veterinary health?**

- A) India
- B) China**
- C) Japan
- D) Thailand

**6. The conservation of giant pandas, a species facing numerous veterinary challenges in captivity and the wild, is primarily focused in which specific geographical region of China?**

- A) Gobi Desert
- B) Tibetan Plateau
- C) Sichuan Province**
- D) Manchuria

**7. Which of these regions is a significant hotspot for zoonotic diseases like Nipah virus, requiring specialized veterinary surveillance and control programs?**

- A) Scandinavia
- B) Southeast Asia**
- C) Central Africa
- D) Northwestern North America

**8. The prevalence of the parasitic disease Echinococcosis (hydatid disease) in sheep and dogs is particularly notable in parts of which continent?**

- A) North America
- B) Oceania**
- C) Europe
- D) Asia

**9. Which New World primate species, studied extensively in veterinary medicine for its genetic similarities to humans, is native to the Amazon rainforest?**

- A) Orangutan
- B) Lemur
- C) Macaque
- D) Marmoset**

**10. The global eradication of Rinderpest, a devastating viral disease of cattle, was a monumental achievement in veterinary public health spearheaded by international organizations with significant contributions from veterinary professionals worldwide. The disease was officially declared eradicated in which year?**

- A) 1980
- B) 1990
- C) 2010**
- D) 2011

**11. Which desert region, known for its unique adapted wildlife, presents distinct challenges for veterinary research concerning heat stress, water scarcity, and specialized diseases in its animal populations?**

**A) Sahara Desert**

B) Gobi Desert

C) Atacama Desert

D) Kalahari Desert

**12. The study of marine mammal veterinary medicine is particularly vital in coastal regions. Which country has a significant coastline and a strong focus on the health of its diverse marine mammal populations, including seals and whales?**

A) Egypt

**B) Canada**

C) Mongolia

D) Switzerland