

Political Philosophy and Human Biology

Political Philosophy · Answer Key · 10 Questions

1. Thomas Hobbes described the state as an artificial person, but which organ is the primary pump for human blood?

- A) Liver
- B) Heart**
- C) Kidneys
- D) Lungs

2. John Locke argued for the right to life; which specific organ acts as the primary filter for detoxification in the human body?

- A) Stomach
- B) Liver**
- C) Heart
- D) Pancreas

3. Jean-Jacques Rousseau discussed the 'social contract'; which human system is responsible for the body's primary communication through electrical impulses?

- A) Nervous System**
- B) Digestive System
- C) Endocrine System
- D) Respiratory System

4. Plato wrote 'The Republic' regarding justice; which part of the human anatomy serves as the primary structural support for the body?

- A) Skull
- B) Femur
- C) Vertebral Column**
- D) Pelvis

5. Aristotle viewed humans as 'political animals'; which human organ is responsible for the exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide?

- A) Lungs**
- B) Small Intestine
- C) Spleen
- D) Bladder

6. The concept of 'natural rights' assumes a physical form; what is the largest organ of the human body?

- A) Brain
- B) Large Intestine
- C) Skin**
- D) Liver

7. Political theorists often discuss the 'body politic'; what is the primary function of white blood cells in the human body?

- A) Transporting oxygen
- B) Fighting infection**
- C) Digesting food
- D) Clotting blood

8. Machiavelli wrote on state stability; which human organ system is responsible for the production of hormones that regulate growth and metabolism?

- A) Endocrine System**
- B) Muscular System
- C) Integumentary System
- D) Lymphatic System

9. John Stuart Mill advocated for individual liberty; which part of the human body contains the majority of the body's neurons?

- A) Spinal cord
- B) Peripheral nerves
- C) Brain**
- D) Heart

10. The concept of 'governance' implies control; which organ is responsible for processing nutrients and energy from food?

- A) Stomach**
- B) Gallbladder
- C) Appendix
- D) Thymus