

# Understanding Ethics for Young Minds

Ethics · Practice Test · 12 Questions

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## 1. What does it mean to be 'honest' in an ethical sense?

- A) Always telling the truth, even if it hurts someone's feelings.
- B) Saying what you think is right, regardless of facts.
- C) Being truthful and avoiding deception or lies.
- D) Only telling good things about people.

## 2. Which of the following best describes 'fairness' in ethical terms?

- A) Giving everyone the same amount of everything.
- B) Treating people equally and justly, without favouritism.
- C) Making sure the strongest person gets the most.
- D) Deciding what's fair based on who complains the loudest.

## 3. What is the ethical concept of 'respect'?

- A) Ignoring people you don't agree with.
- B) Showing consideration and valuing the feelings and rights of others.
- C) Only respecting people who are older than you.
- D) Agreeing with everything someone says to show respect.

## 4. When we talk about ethical 'responsibility', what does it generally refer to?

- A) Blaming others for mistakes.
- B) Being accountable for your actions and their consequences.
- C) Avoiding any tasks that seem difficult.
- D) Letting someone else always make decisions for you.

## 5. What is a 'conscience' in an ethical context?

- A) A device that tells you what to do.
- B) An inner feeling or voice that guides you to do what is right or wrong.
- C) A list of rules that must be followed perfectly.
- D) The part of your brain that makes you feel hungry.

## 6. Why is it important to consider the 'consequences' of our actions ethically?

- A) To make sure we always get what we want.
- B) Because our actions can affect ourselves and others, sometimes in negative ways.
- C) To avoid any possibility of making a mistake.
- D) To prove that we are smarter than other people.

**7. The ethical principle of 'empathy' means:**

- A) Ignoring how others feel.
- B) Understanding and sharing the feelings of another person.
- C) Only caring about your own feelings.
- D) Making fun of people when they are sad.

**8. What is the ethical idea behind 'integrity'?**

- A) Being able to change your mind about rules whenever you want.
- B) Having strong moral principles and being honest and consistent in your actions.
- C) Always following the crowd, no matter what.
- D) Pretending to be someone you're not.

**9. When we say something is 'ethical', it means it is generally considered:**

- A) Illegal and wrong.
- B) Right, good, and morally acceptable.
- C) Fun and exciting.
- D) Completely unimportant.

**10. Why is it important for people to treat each other with 'dignity'?**

- A) Because it makes them seem weak.
- B) To acknowledge their inherent worth and treat them with respect, regardless of their differences.
- C) So they will do what you say.
- D) To show that you are better than them.

**11. What does it mean to be 'accountable' for your choices?**

- A) To always blame someone else for your mistakes.
- B) To accept the results of your decisions and be ready to explain them.
- C) To avoid making any decisions at all.
- D) To pretend you didn't make a choice.

**12. The ethical concept of 'kindness' involves:**

- A) Being mean and hurtful to others.
- B) Showing generosity, compassion, and a friendly attitude towards others.
- C) Only being nice to people you know very well.
- D) Ignoring people who need help.