

Global Criminal Justice Systems: A Geographic and Knowledge Challenge

Criminal Justice · Practice Test · 18 Questions

1. Which country, known for its inquisitorial legal system, has a Supreme Court with a seat in Paris?

- A) Germany
- B) France
- C) Italy
- D) Spain

2. The concept of 'Sharia law' significantly influences the criminal justice system in which of the following Middle Eastern nations?

- A) Turkey
- B) Israel
- C) Saudi Arabia
- D) Lebanon

3. The Privy Council in the United Kingdom serves as the final court of appeal for criminal matters in which former British colony, whose current legal system is heavily influenced by English common law?

- A) India
- B) Canada
- C) Australia
- D) Jamaica

4. Which South American country, bordered by the Andes mountains, has a legal system that is a blend of civil law traditions and indigenous customary law?

- A) Brazil
- B) Colombia
- C) Argentina
- D) Chile

5. The Nuremberg Trials, a landmark in international criminal justice, took place in which post-World War II occupied city?

- A) Berlin
- B) Frankfurt
- C) Nuremberg
- D) Munich

6. In which East Asian nation is the Public Security Bureau a primary law enforcement agency responsible for criminal investigation and maintaining public order?

- A) South Korea
- B) Japan
- C) China
- D) Vietnam

7. The principle of 'due process' is a cornerstone of the criminal justice system in the United States. Which amendment to the U.S. Constitution explicitly guarantees this right?

- A) First Amendment
- B) Fourth Amendment
- C) Fifth Amendment
- D) Eighth Amendment

8. Which Scandinavian country, known for its high social welfare and low crime rates, operates under a system that emphasizes rehabilitation over retribution?

- A) Denmark
- B) Sweden
- C) Norway
- D) Finland

9. The ICC (International Criminal Court) has its seat in which Dutch city, playing a crucial role in prosecuting war crimes, genocide, and crimes against humanity?

- A) Amsterdam
- B) Rotterdam
- C) The Hague
- D) Utrecht

10. Which African nation, the most populous on the continent, has a legal system that is a hybrid of English common law, Islamic law, and customary law?

- A) Egypt
- B) Nigeria
- C) South Africa
- D) Ethiopia

11. The concept of 'common law' originated in England and is the basis of the legal system in which of these countries, known for its vast size and diverse geography?

- A) Mexico
- B) Russia
- C) Canada
- D) Brazil

12. Which island nation, located in the Caribbean, retains a judicial system closely mirroring that of the United Kingdom due to its colonial past?

- A) Cuba
- B) Dominican Republic
- C) Jamaica
- D) Haiti

13. The 'Torrens system' of land registration, which has implications for criminal enterprise and asset forfeiture, is widely used in which Commonwealth country?

- A) New Zealand
- B) India
- C) Australia
- D) United Kingdom

14. In which European country, a member of the European Union, is the 'Bundestag' the legislative body that oversees criminal law reform?

- A) France
- B) Italy
- C) Germany
- D) Spain

15. The concept of 'Ombudsman,' an independent official who investigates complaints against government agencies, is a key feature of the administrative justice system in which Nordic country?

- A) Iceland
- B) Norway
- C) Sweden
- D) Denmark

16. Which South Asian nation, known for its diverse linguistic and religious landscape, operates a common law system inherited from British colonial rule?

- A) Sri Lanka
- B) Pakistan
- C) Bangladesh
- D) India

17. The 'Code Napoléon,' a significant influence on civil law systems worldwide, originated in which European country?

- A) Spain
- B) Italy
- C) France
- D) Belgium

18. Which island nation in the Pacific, while independent, maintains strong legal ties to the United Kingdom and uses its judicial precedents?

- A) Fiji
- B) Samoa
- C) Vanuatu
- D) Papua New Guinea