

Global Criminology and Geography

Criminology · Practice Test · 20 Questions

1. Which country consistently reports one of the world's lowest intentional homicide rates per 100,000 inhabitants?

- A) El Salvador
- B) Japan
- C) Brazil
- D) South Africa

2. The International Criminal Court (ICC) is geographically located in which city?

- A) Geneva
- B) The Hague
- C) Brussels
- D) Vienna

3. Which nation is known for its 'rehabilitative' prison model, often referred to as 'open prisons'?

- A) Norway
- B) United States
- C) Thailand
- D) Russia

4. In the context of the Golden Triangle, which three countries are historically linked to large-scale opium production?

- A) Laos, Thailand, Myanmar
- B) Vietnam, Cambodia, China
- C) India, Pakistan, Afghanistan
- D) Malaysia, Indonesia, Philippines

5. Which country had the first national police force, established in 1829 by Sir Robert Peel?

- A) France
- B) Australia
- C) United Kingdom
- D) Canada

6. The 'UN Office on Drugs and Crime' (UNODC) is headquartered in which city?

- A) New York
- B) Vienna
- C) London
- D) Paris

7. Which region currently records the highest rates of reported violent crime per capita according to UNODC data?

- A) Western Europe
- B) Latin America and the Caribbean
- C) East Asia
- D) Oceania

8. Interpol, the world's largest international police organization, has its headquarters located in which French city?

- A) Paris
- B) Marseille
- C) Lyon
- D) Nice

9. Which country abolished the death penalty for all crimes in 1981, becoming the last major Western European nation to do so?

- A) Germany
- B) France
- C) Italy
- D) Spain

10. The 'Golden Crescent' is a major heroin production region located at the crossroads of which three countries?

- A) Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan
- B) Turkey, Syria, Iraq
- C) Egypt, Libya, Chad
- D) Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan

11. Which country is known for having the highest incarceration rate per 100,000 population as of the 2020s?

- A) United States
- B) China
- C) Russia
- D) Saudi Arabia

12. Which island nation has a constitutional prohibition against the death penalty?

- A) Australia
- B) Japan
- C) Singapore
- D) Iran

13. What is the term for a designated area where crime is statistically concentrated, often used in urban geography and criminology?

- A) Ghost zone
- B) Hot spot
- C) Dead zone
- D) Black hole

14. The Schengen Area, which allows for the free movement of people, has significant implications for cross-border police cooperation in which continent?

- A) South America
- B) Africa
- C) Europe
- D) Asia

15. Which country operates the 'Sentosa' prison system known for strict drug trafficking laws?

- A) Singapore
- B) Indonesia
- C) Malaysia
- D) Vietnam

16. The FBI (Federal Bureau of Investigation) serves as the domestic intelligence and security service of which country?

- A) United Kingdom
- B) Canada
- C) United States
- D) Australia

17. In which city is the seat of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea located?

- A) Hamburg
- B) Oslo
- C) Copenhagen
- D) Stockholm

18. Which country is frequently cited in criminology studies for its 'Restorative Justice' approach involving community-led panels?

- A) New Zealand
- B) China
- C) Brazil
- D) Nigeria

19. What is the main purpose of the 'Europol' agency based in The Hague?

- A) To manage European borders
- B) To coordinate law enforcement across EU member states
- C) To prosecute war criminals
- D) To regulate trade tariffs

20. Which country hosts the 'United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute' (UNICRI)?

- A) Italy
- B) Canada
- C) Switzerland
- D) Japan